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VOL. LXXXIX NO. 79

VICTORIA, B. C. SUNDAY MARCH 15, 1903.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR

## A Watch Chain

**For Only \$1.50**

Yes, we can give you good serviceable watch chain, well plated with gold, sterling silver or in gun metal for only \$1.50.

Of course we have better ones in gold filled or silver, but this makes a splendid chain to give to your boy or to wear at work, where a good strong chain is required, and at the same time you wish its appearance to be right.

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## It Is The Hard Worker

And the thoughtful saver that accomplishes much. We are offering great savings for hard workers in the narrow margins of profit and wide increase of values in exchange for your cash.

H. & K. ROLLED OATS, sack ..... 30c.  
BAKER'S COCOA, tin ..... 30c.  
GERMAN CHOCOLATE, cake ..... 5c.  
SOLUBLE COCOA, lb ..... 25c.  
(Vanilla Flavored.)

SCOTCH GRANULATED SUGAR.  
22 lbs. .... \$1.00

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**WE ALL DRINK Schlitz**

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

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Demore Mine, Limited.

Capital Stock, \$1,500,000, in shares of \$1.00 each.

This management have authorized us to sell a small block of Treasury Shares in the above at only

**15 Cents Per Share.**

For further particulars apply to

**THE STUART ROBERTSON CO. LTD.**

Successors to A. W. MORE & CO., LTD

23 Broad Street.

## SEED OATS

See our quality and prices. What about your Seed Potatoes? SYLVESTER PERRY CO., City Market, Tel. 413.

## FISHING TACKLE

Season Opens on 15th.

We have everything for trout fishing, and more stock coming. Outfit at

**FOX'S, 78 Government St.**

## INCUBATORS,

Received another shipment of Prairie State Incubators. Now is the time to place your orders and go into chicken raising. I have also received a few Panama Parrots which will make fine speakers. Get one before they are all gone. All kinds of Food and Poultry supplies, E. M. NOBLE, 8 Store street.

## CHEAP FUEL COKE

**\$4.00 Per Ton \$4.00**

Delivered

**Apply Gas Works**

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## E. A. HARRIS & CO.

FOR SALE—\$2,200.

\$1,000 cash, balance mortgage, 2-story, 7 room house and lot, Quadra street. Cost \$3,000.


\$2,000 will buy 2-story 8-roomed house and lot, Chatham street; sewer connected, electric light. Easy terms.

\$800 will buy 4-roomed cottage in good order, and lot near Tallis road, James Bay. Cost \$150.

Four lots, 40x56, Princess street, James Bay, \$200 each.

**35 Fort St.**

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**DOUGLAS SUMMER GARDENS.**

This desirable property is now subdivided into city lots. Prices reasonable from \$500 upwards. Full particulars at

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## USE ELECTRIC LIGHT

In preference to any other. It gives the best satisfaction from every point of view. If you occupy a rented house we will assist you to install the necessary wiring and fitting.

**Ask for Particulars.**

**B.C. Elec. Ry. Co.**

35 Yates St.

## SCOTCH WHISKY

Dr. Bell, C.B., the Government Analytical Chemist, recommends it. To cure a cold in one night get a bottle

**"Buchanan's House of Commons"**

Erskine, Wall & Co., The Saunders Grocery Co., D. H. Ross & Co., and other leading liquor merchants keep it. Pronounced by Royal Commission, PURE.

Indiger & Janlon, Agents for British Columbia and the Yukon District.

## A CARLOAD

Of Allen's Celebrated Cider, equal to "Devonshire," for sale. Ask your grocer for it.

**B. C. Cold Storage & Ice Produce Co., Limited.**

## U. S. CONSUL MONTREAL.

Major Edwards Appointed to Vacant Canadian Office.

Washington, March 14.—The Senate in executive session today confirmed the nomination of Major A. W. Edwards as consul-general at Montreal.

**CUBAN SUGAR FOR ENGLAND.**

Six Thousand Tons—First Shipment in 25 Years.

Havana, March 14.—The sale of 6,000 tons of raw sugar for the English market has been closed. This was the first shipment in 25 years, with the exception of five per cent. of the output, which formerly went to Spain, but which ceased at the time of the war.

## KING'S VISIT TO BUFFALO BILL

Wild West Show and Indian Camp Interests Royal Party.

London, March 14.—King Edward, Queen Alexandra, the Princess Victoria, Prince Charles of Denmark and three children of the Princess, all attended by their suites, occupied a specially constructed Royal box at the Olympia theatre, to witness the Wild West show, where the rough riders were drawn up in a double line. The King conversed intimately with Col. Cody, commenting on the various scenes of the show.

## Doings In Vancouver

### Strikers Agree to Accept Mr. Marpole's Suggested Arbitration.

All Differences Will be Submitted to Unions in Montreal.

### Teamsters Raise City Rate—Plans For New Hospital Required.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, B. C., March 14.—At a meeting this morning the striking U. B. R. E. decided to accept Mr. Marpole's suggestion to leave all differences to be arbitrated by a committee composed of one man from each of the unions in the employment of the C. P. R. The matter will most likely be submitted to Montreal. The strikers will also accept Col. Price's offer for his government to arbitrate.

The C. P. R. announces it has given permanent places to the substitute clerks.

The Property Owner's Association intends to test the legality of the Water Frontage Tax Bylaw.

The situation is quiet today, business being still more or less at a standstill. Six men in all have returned to work for the company.

The cabin of Peter Gondello was destroyed by fire on Howe Sound this week. Gondello lost everything he had, including \$500 in cash.

All the teams in the city were out this morning hauling freight. The drivers were master teamsters, their office hands, some of the former strikers, and some new men.

Mr. Frank Miller, who is well and favorably known in athletic circles is leaving the city, having accepted a position with one of the large mining companies in Adir district.

A. E. Turk is presenting a watch charm to the nine members of the champion indoor baseball team. The charms are made from \$5 gold pieces. In the centre is the figure of a baseball player.

Two of the striking teamsters attacked an employee of the McCleary Bros. Manufacturing Company, taking him for a substitute teamster, and severely beat him. One of them was arrested and confined in the city lockup, but the charge was subsequently withdrawn.

The bank clearings fell below the million dollar mark for the week ending March 12. They were \$981,874. The figures mark a drop as compared with what they have been for some months. It is probable that the strike has something to do with this result.

Mr. George Hacking has returned from Seattle after a lengthy visit. He says there is considerable discussion regarding the possibility of an athletic contest between athletes of British Columbia and Washington State at Victoria on the 24th of May.

The monthly meeting of the hospital board for the places last night, when it decided to advertise for competitive plans for the new hospital. The building is to contain three hundred beds, suitable operating rooms, offices and nurses home.

The Gore avenue slip owned by the city is to be leased for five year terms, the condition being that the slip be put in good repair. Lessees have a right to erect buildings, but must remove them at the end of the term and must allow fishermen and other seafaring persons to tie up small boats at the wharf.

The North Vancouver Council are still considering a scheme presented by Mr. A. St. George Hamersley to improve the ferry system of the city.

The assessor of North Vancouver reports the total assessment to be \$873,003, expenditures \$15,546, net assessment, \$857,457. At 15 mills on the dollar this would provide a revenue of \$12,862.

At the next meeting of the City Council a draft agreement will be presented between the city and the Vancouver Power Company regarding the bringing into the city of the high tension cables, for power purposes.

Mr. Hamersley, for the Power Company will draft the agreement jointly. The wires will be brought across the inlet from Lake Beautiful on high poles.

One man who struck with U. B. R. E. has gone back to work in the main offices. This report is denied by the U. B. R. E. press committee, but was confirmed by a visit to the offices. This man was spoken to, and he said several others would follow. C. P. R. officials declare emphatically that the backbone of the strike is broken. Master teamsters say that freight block will be relieved in 10 days.

The Draymen's Association of Vancouver have notified the city that hereafter the charge for a team per day will be \$6. Some of the aldermen think this too high, and a committee will report on the practicality of organizing a civic teaming department. Col. Tracey, city engineer, states that he believes that there is enough work for one team in each ward, and suggests that to form a nucleus for a stable foot fire force, he be turned out of the city.

Jack Purvis, of the all-Canadian football team, has arrived home. He injured his finger in the match with Camille bridge. He says that Scholfield of Victoria is a bad way from blood poisoning, the ailment having broken out in his face early in the tour. Mr. Purvis says that lack of combination in the backs, and the absence of much customary to play centre, was the cause of their not making a better record for themselves.

Mr. J. H. Senkler has been elected third vice-president of the Liberal Association in place of Mr. W. J. McMillan, resigning on account of ill health.

A question discussed at the Liberal convention to be held shortly. At a meeting of the Liberal Association held here, Mr. Senkler stated that no one knew what was going on at the convention, and it was well for the Liberals to be prepared for any issue. On his resolution, the provincial executive was asked to call a convention.

The Y. M. C. A. have closed negotiations for the purchase of two lots on the corner of Cambie and Dunsinuir streets. The outlook is on the Drill Hall and Cambie street grounds. The rental of two small houses on the property are sufficient to pay the expenses of maintenance so far as the Y. M. C. A. are in funds to erect their contemplated building, which is to include a gymnasium, bath rooms, Bible reading rooms, entertainment hall.

The Y. M. C. A. will now be directed to paying off the price of the land.

A mass meeting of those in sympathy with the strike was called last night at the City Hall. The meeting was addressed by Mr. George Estes and others, and seemed to be enthusiastic in its sympathy with the strikers. The chair was occupied by Mr. W. J. Lamerick, president of the Trades and Labor Council, J. Mortimer, of Winnipeg, was the first speaker. He said the strike was due to the efforts of the C. P. R. to

crush unions, first by destroying the Brotherhood, and then the other unions by pitting them one against the other. Mr. Williams, another speaker asked why, if Mr. Marpole knew he was right in his contention that other unions in the C. P. R. were antagonistic to the Brotherhood, he did not welcome the Brotherhood as a means of wiping out the other unions. Mr. P. R. Todd spoke as a member of the Typographical Union. Mr. Charles Wilson said that when he heard of the great steel trust he knew it would be followed by a great labor trust some day. One was the necessary sequence of the other, and the purposes of the U. B. R. E. was to extend the area of organized labor. Mr. Geo. Bates was well received, and spoke at length covering the ground already gone over many times. He predicted victory for the strikers and referred to the reforms accomplished on the Union Pacific through the influence of the U. B. R. E.

### MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

Midlands Purchases Electric Light System.

Midlands, Ont., March 14.—Rate payers today voted to purchase a electric light system at cost of \$20,000. Vote was 116 for 17 against.

### KINGSTON GRAVE ROBBER.

Refused to Talk and Is Committed for Trial.

Kingston, Ont., March 14.—Hutton, the alleged grave robber, arrested Thursday night for attempting to rob a grave at Lansdowne, was committed for trial. He refused to say anything. No trace has been secured of his companion in whose coat was found papers bearing the name of D. A. Sandwith, a Queen's medical student.

## Happenings in The Royal City

### A Lineman's Narrow Escape Through Breaking of Rotten Pole.

King Edward at Steveston—Great Northern Survey Starts Tomorrow.

From Our Own Correspondent.

New Westminster, March 14.—Tom Gifford, son of the member of parliament, and a well known lacrosse player, was nearly killed this morning while at work as lineman on city electric light poles. The pole being rotten, toppled over when Gifford had made himself fast at the top, and crashed into a lumber pile with great force. Fortunately Gifford missed the lumber, but he received a terrible shaking and bruises to his shoulder and hip, though no bones were broken.

C. B. Moulton, formerly proprietor of the Huntingdon hotel, and associates have organized the Alder Grove Shingle Mill Company, and are installing a \$100,000 plant, with a capacity of 100,000 feet per day. They have 800 acres of fine cedar.

The big suction dredge King Edward is going good work in the Fraser opposite the canneries at Steveston. There will be no difficulty this season when salmon ships arrive to load for England.

The tug Princess has arrived from Victoria and relieved the tugboat Samson as tender to the dredge.

C. D. Worge, of Mayne Island, has sold his valuable holdings there and secured other land on Galiano Island, where he will reside in future.

The Great Northern Railway surveys will start work in earnest on Monday, running on the lines for the Great Northern railway branch connecting this city with Vancouver. The preliminary surveys were made some time ago, but the grades have yet to be found. Some changes will be made around Burnaby.

It is stated that the Great Northern will not connect at Port Guichon and South Westminster direct until the Westminister bridge is open.

## Russians Now Take Council

### Liberals Prepare for Repetition of Historical Reactionary Measures.

### Czar's Recent Ukase May Be Hampered by Bureau-cracy.

St. Petersburg, March 13 (via the frontier).—The public has suspended its judgment of the decree of the Czar providing for religious freedom, and for other reforms until the practical measures realizing the proposed reforms are announced. Experience shows that such works proceed very slowly here. Russian history is strewn with disillusionments, and the Liberals say they are prepared for a repetition. Even less numerous circles the fact is expressed that the reactionaries may succeed in hampering the Czar's desire for reform. The progressives are particularly outspoken in their distrust of M. von Plehwe's participation in the reform programme. They also complain of the apparent intention to permit the domination of the priesthood in local secular affairs. The decentralization feature of the decree is welcomed. The necessity heretofore of applying to the St. Petersburg chancelleries in connection with the most trivial matters was largely responsible for the paralysis of public and private initiative. Yuri Milutin, a relative of the famous advisor Count Alexander, during the discussion, built the Czar's pronouncement for toleration with enthusiasm. Assistant Minister von Wahl has gone to Tonke, where there were revolutionary disturbances a fortnight ago, students and workmen displaying red flags. M. von Wahl is mentioned in connection with the flogging of political prisoners last year, when he was governor of Vilna.

### RUSSIAN REFORM MOVEMENT.

Commission Formed to Carry Out Czar's Recent Decree.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—A commission under the presidency of the Minister of the Interior, Von Plehwe, already has commenced work on formulating a method for carrying out the reforms in provincial administration, as commanded by the Czar's recent decree. Several heads of departments and five provincial governments are participating in the work of the commission.

## Grand Trunk Or Northern

### Struggle Between Two Great Interests Now on at Ottawa.

### Amalgamation the Most Likely Method of Solution

G. T. R. on Top.

### Chief Justice of England and Judge Armour Appointed Commissioners.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, March 14.—The presence in Ottawa during the past day or two of Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann is an indication that one of the greatest struggles of the session has commenced. (Which party will prove the stronger—the Canadian Northern syndicate or the promoters of the Grand Trunk Pacific? Since parliament has opened this ministerial following has found no difficulty in sizing up the situation, and are ranging themselves with the Grand Trunk wing of the cabinet, which happens to be by far the stronger of the two. Practically only Japanese immigrants, Sir John Sutherland, can be counted upon to stand by the Canadian Northern; but they will have to submit to the inevitable. It is certain that further aid to the Canadian Northern will not be forthcoming until some arrangements looking to an amalgamation with the Grand Trunk Pacific interests is reached. It is positively certain, also, that the Grand Trunk Pacific project will fall through unless government assistance can be secured, and with the Canadian Northern in the way, government will not dare to propose a subsidy to the Grand Trunk Pacific after so much money has been invested in the other schemes. Your correspondent has the very best grounds for believing that notwithstanding the denials which may be forthcoming, that the upshot of works of lobbying, which have just commenced, will be the pooling of interests of the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Northern syndicates with Grand Trunk Pacific men as the predominant factor in the arrangement. Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann will put up a game fight for a separate entity, but they cannot stop starts in their course.

A cable from England says Lord Alverstone, chief justice of England, has been appointed principal British representative in the Alaska boundary reference. Mr. Justice Armour will be one of the Canadian representatives, but the other name has not yet been finally settled.

The vice-regal drawing room in the Senate chamber tonight was largely attended. Lady Minto appeared in her Coronation robes.

Japanese Consul-General Nosse, from Montreal, was in the city yesterday and today. Last night he spent over an hour in discussion with Japanese immigration officers. It is understood that Mr. Nosse gave assurances that the immigration of Japanese to British Columbia would practically close, and that the provisions of the act relating to the restriction of immigration would be carried out. The government gave Mr. Nosse to understand that if proper assurances were not obtained to that effect then the Japanese would have to be treated as Chinese. Mr. Nosse, however, will see that this extreme measure will not be necessary. Mr. Nosse had an interview with Sir Wilfrid Laurier today on the same matter.

## TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION.

### Report That Sir W. Van Horne Will Be Appointed Chairman.

Montreal, March 14.—The report that Sir Wm. Van Horne, who is chairman of the transportation commission is partly confirmed by the Hon. Raymond Prefontaine.

## REPORT OF GOVERNMENT VICTORY FULLY CONFIRMED.

Caracas, March 14.—President Castro left here at noon today for La Victoria on a train unaccompanied by troops. It is his purpose to rest six days, and to then prepare his message to Congress. The report of the government victory at Cumarebo over the revolutionists under General Rivas and Ponce de Leon is fully confirmed. The engagement occurred Monday.

## WRIGHT A PHILADELPHIAN.

Lived in Quaker City Some Years Ago in Elegant Style.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 14.—Whittaker Wright, the director of the defunct London & Globe Finance Corporation, had a brief career in financial circles in this city about 15 years ago. He lived in elegant style from 1887 to 1891 at Haverton, a fashionable suburb. About 1888 he rented an office in the old Merchants' Exchange building, now the Stock Exchange, and began business as a broker in cotton, grain and petroleum. He was not a member of the Stock Exchange, Wright, during his stay here, was said to have been identified with various "get rich quick" concerns. He disappeared from Philadelphia in 1891.

## C. P. R. LANDS AND TAXATION

### Manitoba Courts Decide Rates Cannot Be Collected From Company.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Winnipeg, March 14.—The court today gave judgment in the C. P. R. land taxation cases; that taxes cannot be recovered from the C. P. R. in Manitoba, including the territory added to the province, so that in the two cases of North Cyprus and Argyle, the actions are dismissed with costs; but in the Springfield school district case, the court holds that school taxes can be recovered in the Northwest Territories, and in that case judgment is given in favor of that school district against the C. P. R. with costs of action.

Conservatives are still preparing for early local elections. Eleven nominating conventions have been called for this month to name Conservative candidates. Premier Roblin and his cabinet will be banqueted here at the close of the session.







*Ingrist upon having the best Tea and if your Grocer has your interests at heart he will give you Blue Ribbon.*

## Pleiades From The Orient

**Oriental Liner Reached Port Last Night With Big General Cargo.**

**Danube Returns From the North—Alki Loads Lumber in Inner Harbor.**

Steamer Pleiades, of the Boston S. S. Company, Capt. Farrington, which—as was reported—was 39 days on her way from Yokohama, reached last night 19 days from Yokohama. She had an uneventful passage, having encountered head winds, although no very heavy gales, on her voyage from the Japanese port. She sighted one of the steamers of the Portland and Asiatic line, believed to be the Indrapura about 700 miles West of Cape Horn. The steamer sighted, evidently wishing to report, for the steamer went out from the Columbia just prior to the heavy gale which blew off there on Tuesday. The Pleiades had no passengers. She brought 4,000 tons of general freight, her outward cargo, for the Victoria cargo, landed last night at the Outer wharf, totalling 152 tons.

The steamer Shawmut, of this line, is now on her way to Victoria, being due from Yokohama on Sunday next. The steamer Achilles, of the same line, is due on the Tuesday following, and the steamer Tartar, of the C. P. N. line, is due on Friday. The steamer Hydrex, of the Boston S. S. Company, had a trying passage outward, from Yokohama. She arrived on March 2 after a passage of 28 days from Puget Sound. Steamer Iyo Maru, which left Yokohama on Tuesday for this port, is bringing 45 Chinese and 55 tons of freight for Victoria.

**DANUBE IN PORT.**

Arrived Yesterday From Ports Along the Northern Coast.

Steamer Danube, of the C. P. N. Company, Capt. Hughes, reached port yesterday morning, after an uneventful passage from the northern ports of British Columbia. The steamer brought 30 passengers. Included amongst the cargo of the steamer was an Indian house, with a broad totem to mark the front. This house, which is of the northern type, is to be put together at the exposition to be held there by Dr. Newcombe, who secured the house, which was checked down in 150 pieces, at the Island. The lumber taken to Smith Island, and for the new cannery at the island at the mouth of the Skeena was successfully landed. The passengers of the steamer included Messrs. Gale and Yule, prospectors, who have been working on Queen Charlotte Islands. David Smith, Mr. McLaughlin and Miss Collinson.

The Danube will sail for the North again on Monday night.

**FOR THE NORTH.**

Alki Comes to Sayward Mills For Lumber—Princess May Sails.

Steamer Alki, of the Pacific Coast S. S. Company will sail from Sayward's mills today for the North. The Alki, which is the freighter of the Pacific Coast Company's Northern fleet, came into the Sayward mills this morning to load a shipment of 30,000 feet of lumber got out by the Victoria mill on the upper harbor for Skagway. The Alki has a good freight on board from the Sound.

The steamer Princess May, of the C. P. N. Company, which arrived from Esquimalt yesterday morning after being repaired, cleaned and painted and equipped with the latest improvements, will sail for Skagway yesterday afternoon. The passengers who embarked here were: T. Bennett, W. G. Gane, T. E. Gane, A. G. Spence, W. P. Price, A. Falconer, H. Deane, G. A. Oliver, W. Oliver, R. P. Shaw, W. Shaw, W. Drury, J. Taylor, G. Williams, T. Owen and Mr. Oliver.

The British steamer John L. Card, Capt. W. G. Gane, arrived in port this morning from the Victoria mill, with a cargo of 22,000 pounds of powder, says Friday's Seattle Times. The powder is on route for Rossland, B. C., over the Great Northern. The British steamer Casco, which brought about 20,000 pounds of powder to this port today, likewise was for the British Columbia mines.

**CASCO REPORTED.**

Sealer Was Sighted On Tuesday Engaged in Sealing Off the Farallones.

The sealing schooner Casco, which was reported at Drake's bay for water, was sighted on the 12th inst. and did not remain long in the Californian port. The schooner was again sighted on March 10—the day following—30 miles Southwest of the Farallones by the bark George W. Taylor, which has arrived at San Francisco. The Casco was then engaged in sealing. Steamer Queen, which reached port yesterday, sighted none of the schooners during her passage North.

In connection with the wreck of the George W. Prescott, Capt. Ramlose says that he had heard the report that the Indian who rescued him when he was clinging to the bow had said he would have done so had he known the vessel was not a freighter. He does not believe that it had foundation in fact. The Indian worked at the risk of his own life to haul the captain from the water, and deserves great credit for the feat.

**WANTS A SCHOONER.**

Local Sealer Trying to Charter Vessel to Go Fishing.

A local sealing man is negotiating with the Victoria Sealing Company in the hope of chartering one of the schooners of the company for the purpose of engaging in the fishing business, but so far the company has not expressed itself as willing to charter one of the tied-up vessels for that purpose, and it is not probable that the man will be obtained. Capt. Ramlose and his associates are also contemplating negotiating for a schooner to resume the sealing business. With all their misfortune they are still hopeful, and are endeavoring to procure for the charter a purchase of another schooner. Capt. Victor Jacobson, who recently purchased the steamer Rainbow, and is fitting up the vessel as a three-masted schooner for the sealing industry, expects to have the schooner ready for service in time to make the cruise to Behring Sea when the fleet starts Northward.

**PILOT RETURNS.**

Brought the Barge John C. Potter South Laden With Concentrates.

The pilot returned to port yesterday with the barge Richard III. in tow, laden with a full cargo of concentrates from the Treadwell mines for the Tacoma smelter. The tug tug arrived yesterday and took the barge to the Sound.

## THE VANISHING FRENCH SHORE

**A TIDAL WAVE.**

Swept Behring Sea in October Last and May Have Wrecked the South Bend.

The little sealing schooner South Bend, one of the two schooners which were "missing" after last season's wreck in the Behring Sea, was in all probability lost in a tidal wave which swept over the northern sea in October. The South Bend was last seen in the Behring Sea in September 15 by one of the other forerunners, and the 330 skins at that time. Advice has now been received that a terrible storm swept over a section of Behring Sea late in October, accompanied by a great tidal wave, which resulted in heavy damage to the salmon canneries in Bristol Bay. Fishing boats and small launches were carried inland 15 miles.

**MARINE NOTES.**

Among the overdues the Salopia, 30 days from Norfolk for Antwerp, was advanced from 75 to 80 per cent; the Shetland, 32 days from Rotterdam for Antwerp, and quoted at 40 per cent; was reported; also the Loyalist, 21 days from London for Halifax, quoted at 6 per cent.

Captain F. E. Readhead, of the British steamer Celtic, reports to the Branch Hydrographic Office that on March 4, 1903, in latitude 25, 40 N., longitude 150 52 W., he passed a ship showing about 12 feet out of water, evidently a mast of a rigger, attached.

Steamer Queen, of the Pacific Coast S. S. Company arrived yesterday evening with an average passenger list. She landed 80 tons of local freight. The steamer City of Puebla will sail South tonight.

Steamer Monna sailed from Honolulu on March 11 for this port. She is due here on Wednesday.

Steamer Elvira which took a cargo of lumber from Portland and loaded bunker coal at Comox, reached Mororan on March 4.

**MARINE MOVEMENTS.**

Seattle—March 13, saild, str Dolphin for Skagway; March 14, str City of Seattle for Skagway.

Port Gamble—March 12, saild, str R. B. Garrett, for San Francisco.

San Francisco—March 13, saild, str Eliza for Seattle.

Tacoma—March 13, arrived, str Pythia, from Seattle.

Everett—March 13, arrived, str R. J. Godfrey, from Callao.

Falmouth—March 8, arrived, str Alce, from Tacoma.

Noumea—Arrived, March 1, str Honou, from Puget Sound.

San Francisco—March 7, arrived, str Anzures, from Tacoma.

Barry Island—March 10, arrived, str Province, from Tacoma, via Falmouth.

Tabe—March 10, arrived, str Ernest, from Seattle.

Kinsdale—Passed, March 10, str New, from Tacoma, for Queenstown.

Stratford—Arrived, March 9, str W. H. James, from Tacoma.

Tatosh—March 13, outward, str W. G. Irving, from Seattle Harbor for San Francisco; str Yola, from Tacoma for London; str Mateo from Tacoma for San Francisco.

**ISLAND PORTS.**

Honolulu—Sailed, March 10—Jap str Nippon Maru for Yokohama.

Arrived, March 11, str Moana, from Brisbane.

Yokohama—Sailed, March 10, str Korea, for San Francisco.

Mororan—Arrived, March 21—str R. B. Garrett, from San Francisco.

Antwerp—Sailed, March 9, str Anzures, for Port Los Angeles.

Punta Arenas—Sailed, Feb. 23, str Luxor for Hamburg.

**SPOKEN.**

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INTERNATIONAL TRADE UNIONS

We are quite familiar with the arguments used in favor of international trade unions, and quite willing to admit that, in theory, if unionism be admitted as beneficial, international unionism can hardly be opposed as its logical outcome. It is said that capital knows no boundary lines, nor any national restrictions, and that what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. It must not be forgotten, however, that capital would soon discover national restrictions of a most violent kind, if it were used for anti-national purposes. Let us suppose, for instance, that an American railway combine purchased the control of the Canadian Pacific railway, and then proceeded to give discriminatory rates to local centres on its system in the United States, in order that Canadian commerce might be disintegrated and denationalized, would such an application of the power of capital be tolerated for one moment? Of course it is not a very likely case, because the interests of capital would be served thereby. But it might happen. Suppose the Canadian Pacific railway was able to maintain such effective competition to the Morgan railway and steamship combine, that it became a matter of self-preservation on the part of that hugely over-capitalized concern to deal with Canadian traffic in this way, would not the only effective bar to its operations be the spontaneous revolt of Canadian nationalism? In short, nationalism would become at once a potent economic force, limiting to a very considerable degree the operations of capital. It is evident that labor and capital are frequently affected in their operation by national boundary lines. Look at our Alien Labor law. We are free to admit that the Alien Labor law of Canada does not carry out the purpose for which it was advocated by labor interests. But that purpose most unquestionably is to limit the power of employers to procure foreign labor during the continuance of disputes with home labor. No labor man who approves of such legislation has any right to argue that an international boundary line does not influence the labor question. Because here he is himself advocating that the relations between employer and employee should be limited and prescribed in a most important particular by just such a boundary line. Sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander, and Canadian working men should be reasonable enough to remember that. Now we have seen that capital might easily come in conflict with nationalism, and that labor has no scruples, and, rightly enough, in using nationalism to advance its well being. Surely, then, these two considerations show that international trade unionism should not be judged according to a dogma of industrial cosmopolitanism, but according to its purposes and effects in particular cases. Now, if we are to discuss it from this point of view, the very first practical consideration is the attitude of the United States towards Canadian industry. That attitude on the part of both the government representing the people at large, and the capitalist interested in United States industry is one of undisguised hostility. There is no question at all that a great deal of the tariff legislation of the United States was aimed directly at Canadian industry. Legislation has been used there for exactly the same purpose, with precisely the same methods, which a large producer of manufactures uses to kill off a small producer whose competition is interfering with him. That this legislation was a complete and total failure has got nothing whatever to do with its spirit and purpose, and was obvious enough, and which illustrate very amply the attitude of the United States as a whole towards Canadian industry. Other methods than legislation have been used to further the same ends. We need only mention one case with which we are familiar in British Columbia. The competition of our high grade lead mines began to be dangerous to the, comparatively speaking, low grade lead mines of the United States. The smelting trusts used its control of the situation, to cut the Canadian mines out of the market altogether. It did this in order to secure an advantageous compact for restriction of output from the United States lead mines; and it maintains this compact by the threat of opening the floodgates of Canadian competition. These are indisputable facts. Now have we any guarantee that labor corporations might not be inspired by the same spirit and used for the same purpose, that, namely, of minimizing the effect of Canadian competition upon United States industry, as the power of Congress and the power of corporations of capital have already been used for? None, except the recognition of Canadian national interest on the part of our own labor corporations. In what way would such an influence of international unions dominated in the United States make itself felt? Can we not imagine a mine owner in the United States, say in Butte, addressing the officers of his local union as follows: "Our relations with you have always been harmonious, and the conditions of your labor satisfactory to you; but, frankly, I do not see how it is to continue. Our mines are getting very deep, our costs are multiplying, and we are subject to the growing competition of British Columbia. Over there they have cheap coke and vast ore bodies on the surface. Their conditions of production are naturally easier; unless you can make them artificially harder, the brunt of their competition must fall upon you." The absolute validity of this argument from the point of view of those who might be supposed to use it is indisputable, and also its potent effect upon those who might be supposed to hear it used. The operations at first

stimulated by such a consideration, would be highly welcome to Canadian working men. They would only see a praiseworthy effort, in which they were invited to assist, to improve the conditions under which they live and labor. The ultimate object, that of paralyzing the industries by which they live, would not be immediately obvious to them. The ultimate effect, that of driving them into the United States to obtain a livelihood, where their masters would have the same effective lever over them, the dread of Canadian competition, as the smelting trust had over the Coeur d'Alene mine owners, would be most unlikely to occur to them, at least at first. We suppose that no working man would be inclined to deny that it is impossible to create a labor preserve in any one circle of industry which has to compete in a common market with other circles. You cannot raise the level of a pool of water connected with other pools by one fraction of an inch over that of the other pools. We unhesitatingly assert that the men working in the staple industries of British Columbia are better paid, have shorter hours, receive more protection in the enjoyment of liberty and the pursuit of happiness, than the working men in the Western United States of America, a fact due to the richness and availability of our resources now worked. Is it not remarkable that the working men of the Western States should be willing to subscribe oratory and money, and we imagine, a good deal more of the former than of the latter, to improve conditions which are already better than their own? And is it not certain that the only effect of their exertions will be, not to improve the conditions, but to destroy or cripple the industries, and thus lessen the competition? Have we not an analogous fear to that which inspired the United States government in much of its tariff legislation, to that which inspired the Smelting trust in its action which reduced the lead industry of British Columbia to less than one-half of its former proportions, manifesting itself in the ranks of labor? Have we not the government, the corporations, and the unions of the United States, all according to their several natures and methods, furthering precisely the same design, the restrictions of Canadian competition? In a word, are not international unionism, regarding under a correct enough theoretical principle, the cosmopolitanism of labor, being really used for national purposes, essentially hostile to Canadian industrial development? Why should our coal industry be universally disarranged from Sydney, Cape Breton, to Nanaimo, British Columbia, at the very moment when, through the rebate of the American duty on coal, Canadian competition is most to be dreaded in the American market? Why should ancient grievances in Nanaimo be suddenly erected into a cause of war, if it had not been hoped that inflamed prejudice would carry on the strife which mutual good sense was fortunately able to accommodate? Why was a strike entered into at Fernie upon an agglomeration of petty grievances, not one of which was the company unprepared to remedy? Why is Lady-smith now threatened with disastrous war, precipitated at the present moment when the mines were in a position to earn money on the United States coal market? These questions irresistibly suggest themselves as corroborative evidence of a movement on foot directed far less in favor of Canadian working men, than against Canadian industry. There is only one power by which this movement can be counteracted, and that is by the patriotism and reason of Canadian working men themselves. If the pressure of the United States, met and successfully resisted before, in other lines, is now asserting itself in a most insidious and most dangerous form, it is the very fibre of our people which is at the test, but that pressure will be met and successfully resisted again. The United States is a strong power, and Canada is a weak power; but Canada is an independent power, and, by the God above us, will always remain an independent power.

**TIT FOR TAT.**

We observe with amusement tinged with regret, that the promising young province of Ontario, a province in whose ultimate future we have always had the utmost confidence, is enjoying an extraordinary period of political effervescence. Things must have come to a pass which in other and more settled parts of the Dominion we have difficulty in understanding, when the Leader of the Opposition clenches his fist and, brandishing it in the face of the Premier, declares that his attitude towards him is that of a prize fighter; and when the Leader of the Government, with fine restraint, which reminds us of the old gentleman who was admonished to be calm, and who replied, "I am calm, sir; perfectly calm," when he was obviously boiling with rage, congratulates his parliamentary life are to us in the far to the "new parliamentary rules," a hardly veiled allusion to the life-work of a famous peer. Such amenities of parliamentary life are to use in the far West excessively amusing. They certainly betray a lively and vivacious spirit; but to us they hardly appear as suitable to the dignity of the participants. Nor can we overlook the serious accusations of corruption which are bandied to and fro in the political arena of Ontario. It may be that corruption does not exist to the extent alleged by violent partisanship, but it is not a healthy symptom of the body politic, where such accusations become the daily missiles of controversy. The condition to which the politics of Ontario has been reduced is bound to react most unfavorably against its development. We observe that complaints are already being made that the stream of immigration is passing over Ontario, attracted by the greater opportunities of Western Canada, and the higher wages paid there. The birthrate of Ontario is low, and the native population is very much inclined to emigration, in spite of the fact that Ontario possesses vast stretches of undeveloped territory. Between these things and the lack of stable government, of which Ontario gives abundant evidence, it is impossible not to suspect some vital connection. Certain it is that the people of British Columbia who have become interested in Ontario have, especially of late, found small encouragement to persevere. There

has been little or no alacrity to engage in legitimate mining investment, and a most reprehensible hugging of wildcats by means of which the wily Ontario broker could fleece his investing brother in the country. Until these features disappear in Ontario, and the institution of stable government re-establishes the confidence of outsiders, we are afraid that its progress can never be such as its resources warrant, or such as its true friends might be entitled to expect.

The above with our compliments to the Ontario press, and the hope that it likes our superior airs better than we do its superior airs.

**DISSATISFACTION AT DAWSON.**

A Dawson exchange, speaking of the new Tanana fever, says that "it is a noticeable fact that the Tanana fever has affected other than Americans in Dawson, for of those who have already gone and are intending to go there are—many Canadians as Americans. That reason for this condition of affairs exist there can be no doubt, and one of the most prominent of the reasons is the failure of the Dominion government to enact more liberal laws for the control of the mining industry of this district. Promises have been worn threadbare, relief is not yet in sight, miners are discouraged and disgusted, and the natural result is that news of the discovery of a new district is hailed with delight by Canadians as well as Yankees." At the same time it warns the stamperers to remember Cape Nome. It is a nice commentary upon the Yukon administration that the fact of a new strike's being in American territory should be hailed with relief.

The Canadian importation of American farm produce has grown from \$1,228,041 in 1896, to \$2,550,712 in 1902.

We are obliged to a correspondent who has given us a clue by which we may be able to track down the Treadwell correspondence in our own columns.

A special cable to the Rossland Miner says that there is lots of London money available for new British Columbia flotations that are meritorious.

Some statements have been issued addressed "to members of properly constituted and recognized unions," which rather rub the salt in the U. B. R. E. and its president, Mr. Estes.

The Liberal government's tariff policy is described by Mr. Fielding as "lower tariff," by Mr. Prefontaine as "legitimate protection," and by Mr. Blair as "tariff stability." You pay your money and you take your choice.

Since the Liberal party came to power in 1896, no less than 1,347 civil servants have been appointed. This does not include members of the census staff or government appointees not governed by the Civil Service Act, who, if mastered, would form another small army. Civil servants have developed so rapidly at Ottawa, that the administration is unable to provide office room for them in the government buildings.

The appointment of the Chief Justice of England and of two judges of the Supreme Court of Canada to the Alaska Boundary commission, is the most scathing comment upon the appointments by the United States which Great Britain could possibly have made. The names of Alverstone and Armour alone carry more weight than the whole United States Senate in a judicial investigation of this kind. The United States representatives will now be in the disagreeable position of either having to agree with the decision of these eminent jurists or of having to differ from them. Their agreement will not add weight to the decision, nor will their disagreement detract from its authority.

There is still a sufficient element of uncertainty in the financial situation in New York to give conservative elements cause for very grave anxiety. The money market there does not really improve; it merely appears to improve from time to time, and then the old symptoms of distrust and danger reassert themselves more potently than ever. One authority says: "If business continues good, if the next harvest proves satisfactory, if we escape serious stringency next fall, and if undesirable speculation be held firmly in check, the market may eventually and gradually be guided into a stronger position." (There are altogether too many "ifs" and "ands," as the old saw says, about that to suit our taste. Prices have certainly risen during the first quarter of the year, but the upward movements are without spontaneity or naturalness. The investing public remain shy, and the paper profits of underwriting syndicates absolutely refuse to materialize in cash.

**LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.**

**HIGH SCHOOL HEATING.**

Sir,—In Thursday's Colonist in the report of the meeting of the Board of School Trustees, Mr. Jay took upon himself, adversely, he says, to condemn the heat of the plant of the Victoria High School. He said that the plant had been taken out and replaced and that it still failed to place other radiators in position, which should have been done in the first place. Now I would very much like to inform Mr. Jay that I am waiting patiently for the Trustees to have the brick walls cut so that it will be possible to install the new radiators as there are no openings in the walls for them, as coils were intended to be used in the first place. As a radiator is of a new design, the heat from the coils, radiators were adopted after the letting of the contract and only after the work was completed. I am requested by the architect to make the change in installing this special kind of radiator.

Now, Mr. Jay, would you kindly inform me the cost of radiators that were intended for these rooms, were the air shafts in the brick walls not built for them?

Secondly, would Mr. Jay kindly give out the public to come in and look at the heat in the afternoon of each day, and relight it again next morning as you have to heat the whole school every time the fire dies out, and this class of heating does not give as quick a return of heat as a steam heating plant—oh, as there is as much difference between a steam plant and a hot water plant as there is between day and night.

If the School Trustees want to get the desired results from this hot water heating, they must have the janitor keep the fire in over night, and not let it die out in the afternoon of each day, and relight it again next morning as you have to heat the whole school every time the fire dies out, and this class of heating does not give as quick a return of heat as a steam heating plant—oh, as there is as much difference between a steam plant and a hot water plant as there is between day and night.

and night, and the cause of any complaint has been in getting up the heat too late in the day.

When Mr. Jay attacks my workmanship on this or any other job I have performed without a fair cause, he then sleeps beneath my notice.

A. SHIBET.

**MALE AND FEMALE TEACHERS.**

Sir,—In your paper of this morning I do not help noticing a few well-founded remarks on matters pertaining to our schools and male teachers, and that our Trustees Board have at last wakened up to the facts and very important point at issue. A year ago, I, as a candidate for Trustee, strongly advocated the policy of male teachers for our schools, but was, I am sorry to say, defeated through the energy put forth by the ladies to aspire for that position. Mr. Drury now says he is all in favor of male teachers, and that seemingly was afraid to say so at that particular time, but can say now that he sees it is strongly needed. Our friend, Mr. Hays, I know, was in favor of male teachers, but with good certificates and left because the female teacher was in preference. It is not a question of salary, for there is money enough going into the treasury to pay the teachers handsomely. If our superintendent was more in favor of male teachers, and which I know he is not, as the small percentage engaged shows the fact, the female teacher would seem to govern the applications of teachers.

I hope, Sir, that our School Board will wake up to the fact that the male teacher is the mainstay in the education of our boys, in every point of vantage, and trust at the opening of schools will see all vacancies filled with male teachers.

JAMES TOWNSELY.

**THE CARNEGIE LIBRARY.**

Sir,—You deserve the sincere thanks of the right-thinking portion—the majority, I trust, of the community—for the excellent editorial you gave us in this (Saturday) morning's Colonist on the Carnegie Library matter. The attitude of our city fathers on this question would puzzle a Philadelphia lawyer. They have received the orders of the ratepayers to build the library, yet in the face of this, appear to be desirous of hauling back to the old question of whether we are to have a library at all—a question settled long ago by the fact of the City Council, under the influence of the City Council, would seem to indicate that they are afraid. But afraid of what? Of doing their duty? Possibly; the unknown is always terrible, and action of any kind from a sense of duty is rarely habitual with municipal bodies. But I will say something to be afraid of, and reminding them that unless their duty is well and promptly done in this most important matter, and a conclusive halt called to their desecrated record of vacillation and timidity, very few of them will get a look in next January.

OLD VICTORIAN.

**THE CARNEGIE LIBRARY.**

Sir,—It has been said that visitors will make no use of the proposed Carnegie library. Let us take the case of the business man seeking quiet and rest from his work. He comes to Victoria and, having leisurely "zone the rounds," finds himself stranded with nothing further to do, for at a library, or some place where he can comfortably and profitably kill time. So he packs up his things and departs for new scenes. The city of Victoria spends thousands of dollars in advertising itself every year. It does not reap the best returns from the bid of passage; some today and gone tomorrow, but from the sojourner who spends his whole holiday here. Victoria has every natural charm, but sight seeing all day long, and all said and done, the local sights are limited. The ideal tourist resort is place where man can not only bask in nature's beauty, but also find opportunities to while away stray hours in a quiet and lonely recreation. The opportunity would be provided by the Carnegie Library.

Tourists who have left splendid public libraries behind them and who have been accustomed to use them, will visit the public library as assuredly as they will the public museum. In each they will find pleasure and information. Look neither home, nor at our own citizens and those who regularly spend the winter here and make it their goal headquarters. How many men are there huddled up in hotels and saloons on these cold evenings, daily condemning the sleeplessness of Victoria as a never-ending plague which they can read the papers and feel that they are not merely "losing?"

Let us now say that Victorians are not reading and looking at books were taken out of the present library last month. Yet even so, there are numerous persons who must possess a library, a library which is not sprung from their thoughts or experience involved, simply because there is no public place in the whole city to which they can refer for information upon it. Truly the obstructionists of the Carnegie library are burdening themselves with a weighty responsibility.

**PUBLIC OPINION.**

**THE CARNEGIE LIBRARY.**

Sir,—With regard to the financing of the Carnegie library, estimates have been put forward in your columns as follows:

Annual cost, salary, librarian	\$1200
Salary first assistant	800
Salary second assistant	480
Salary janitor	720
Fuel, light, insurance, etc.	1000
Total	\$3200

This leaves \$1,000 out of the required minimum expenditure for equipment of the library matter. The above estimate might reasonably be reduced to:

Salary librarian	\$1200
Salary assistant	800
Salary janitor	480
Fuel, light, insurance, etc.	1000
Total	\$3480

However, for purposes of comparison, let it stand at the first figure.

The suggested alternative to the acceptance of the Carnegie gift is that the city should build its own library for \$200,000 and borrow the money at 4 per cent. Let us see how this works out:

Annual cost, interest 4 per cent on \$200,000	\$8000
Salaries as above, omitting, let us say, that of 2nd assistant	2520
Fuel, light, insurance, etc., say	1000
Total	\$11520

If we deduct the \$470 for portion of janitor's salary, the suggested loan suggests that the janitor should combine his duties with the care of the City Hall and at the same time and \$1,000 as allowed above under Carnegie's plan, the city would be exactly the same annual cost as that of the Carnegie library.

Our \$200,000 library, just efficiently served, will thus cost us annually at a minimum estimate precisely the same sum as would the Carnegie library, and the city would have a building which would be under mortgage while the \$200,000 building would be free, and possibly, if necessity arose, it could be sold for a large sum for library purposes, payment being spread over a number of years so as not to press too hard on the taxpayer.

Our Carnegie library, existing literary rumble rooms is \$1,400 a year, but there is reason to believe that other cities are suffering from a portion of the cost which really approaches that of \$2,000 per annum. The existing institution continues to be a disgrace to the city, whereas by spending a little more, a grand library can be erected in all cases be compared in quality to that of the Carnegie library. It is only enriched by a handsome building, but its citizens and visitors can be accommodated as the inhabitants of "no man's land" ought to be treated by the freeborn intelligent people's right to be.

ENQUIRE.

Pimples, blotches and all other skin troubles are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla—the most effective of all skin remedies.

Great efforts have been made in Southern California to produce tea, silk, opium and perfumery, and although the climate fosters the most satisfactory growth of these plants each has failed, because the high price of labor makes unremunerative.

**TENDENCY OF THE TIMES.**

The tendency of medical science is toward preventive measures. The best thought of the world is being given to the cure, it is easier and better to prevent than to cure. It has been fully demonstrated that pneumonia, one of the most dangerous diseases that medical men have to contend with, can be prevented by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of influenza (grip), and it has been observed that this remedy counteracts any tendency of these diseases toward pneumonia. This has been fully proven in many thousands of cases in which this remedy has been used during the great prevalence of cold and grip in recent years, and can be relied upon with implicit confidence. Pneumonia often results from a slight cold when no danger is apprehended until it is suddenly discovered that there is fever and difficulty in breathing and pains in the chest, then it is announced that the patient has pneumonia. Be on the safe side and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as soon as the cold is contracted. It always cures. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

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Paris and New York Models.

Smart Outing Hats, no two alike, from the most exclusive London designer.

We invite your inspection of the goods selected for the First Millinery Display in our new store.

And from recent advice received from the Coast during the past week, we are forced to the conclusion that when the House meets on April 2nd, the government will have a sufficient majority to transact business. We are also of the opinion that no general election will take place in this province this year.—Fort Steele Prospector.

The famous artist Von Lenbach had one great dominant principle that cut out of nature one should grasp and hold fast but one thing in portraiture—the head; that this exponent of the soul must stand out in undisturbed clarity; that accessories of whatever kind, whether dress or form, must distract and weaken the impression that the head should make; that a portrait, to attain its highest aim and significance, must look out from a background of nothingness, and must be shorn of every detail that interferes with the unity of purpose.—March Cosmopolitan.

Pope Leo XIII. who is again reported to be seriously ill, is said to have been for his great age but for having attained it while bearing the burdens of rulership. As a rule kings and popes have been short-lived. Queen Victoria's eighty-two years of life had only one precedent in over a thousand years of British monarchs. George III. lived only two years longer. He was seated for nine years before he died. Only four British sovereigns in ten centuries lived to see seventy, and the great majority of them died before they were sixty.—N.Y. Journal.

Rev. Nicolas Coccolia, O.M.I., falls to write his memoirs. Canadian literature will be bereft of a volume replete with the romance of the great West, the railroad construction days and the building of the original people to the paths of peace and usefulness. The Kootenays contain no more interesting personage than Father Coccolia, a pioneer who has lived in the heart of the St. Eugene mine and founder of the mission of the same name. He is a pioneer who has lived in the heart of the St. Eugene mine and founder of the mission of the same name. He is a pioneer who has lived in the heart of the St. Eugene mine and founder of the mission of the same name.

**PROVINCIAL PRESS.**

Nelson Tribune.

The shareholders in The Tribune company, Ltd., held their first meeting on Thursday in the office of Gallacher & Wilson. The capital stock of the company is \$100,000, and the company has no old printing material on its hands, and will purchase the plant required for an up-to-date newspaper. One of the special features will be a photographing plant. The Tribune will occupy the building erected for it in 1881 by Alex. McDonald, and which is now being used by the Daily News.

From Nelson News.

The increase of traffic on the Columbia river and Shuswap routes has necessitated the placing in commission of two additional steamers, which were formerly used only in the summer months. The steamer Roseland commenced running the first of the week, and on the Shuswap the Sandon started the same day. Roy W. Truitt, formerly manager of the Moyie, has been appointed captain of the Sandon.

From Vancouver Ledger.

Donnie Murphy of Ashcroft, and John Shields, of Kamloops, are in the city on business. Mr. Murphy states that the stockmen are anticipating a serious loss of cattle if the above route is not improved in the weather. Hay is no longer to be had in quantities, and a late spring will see a large loss among the cattle as they weak from an unusually long winter.

**RISIBILITIES.**

Defiant Donigan—His spring wedding is too awful, ain't it?

Restful Ranson—Yes, too blasted invigorating.—Chicago Journal.

Church—I think there is room for improvement in the New York Elevated cars.

Chatham—Yes, and that is about—only thing there is room for.—Yonkers Statesman.

Lord Russell once asked Mr. Hume: "Mr. Hume, what do you consider to be the object of legislation?"

"The greatest good of the greatest number."

"And what do you consider the greatest number?"

"Number one," was Mr. Hume's reply.—Green Bag.

"A good wife is heaven's greatest gift to man," said a man, and the other said, "holds," remarked Mr. Jarphly, the other morning. "She is his joy, his inspiration, and his very soul. Through her he learns to reach the pure and true, and her loving hands lead him softly over the rough places. She is—"

"Jeremiah," said Mr. Jarphly, solemnly, "what wickedness have you been up to now?"—Trib-Buzz.

The following dialogue was recently overheard between two Irishmen:

"Well Pat, how are you getting on in the world?"

"Oh, thanks Mr. Doonan, I'm now a prison warder, and makes a little extra by selling cabbages to the prisoners."

"And you are married, I suppose, eh?"

"Did your wife bring you any fortune?"

"Bedad, not that exactly," Mr. Doonan; but all her relations are customers of mine."—Trib-Buzz.

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Price \$1. Trial packages free by writing or calling on Mrs. M. A. Cowan (for years member of the Women's Christian Temperance Union), 220 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS AND PACKERS

Victoria branch, corner Government and Yates streets. Vancouver branches, 202 Carrall and 435 Granville streets. The best of all kinds of Fresh meats and Sausages. Smoked, Sugar-Cured and Selected Meats. Choicest Selected Hams and Bacon (retail) lb., 25c. Choicest Picnic Hams (retail) lb., 35c. Choicest Boneless Mutton, 5 and 10 lb. tins, per lb., 15c.

The above is all the product of home manufacture and guaranteed to be equal and in most cases superior to any imported goods. Express shipments a specialty.

## Alexandra Royal College of Music and Art,

15 BROAD STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.  
MISS STONE, INSTRUCTOR.

Musical instruction in all branches taught. Elocution and Physical Culture classes Monday, Wednesday and Saturday afternoons of each week. Special classes will be formed for the Musical.

## For Sale

A half interest in a thriving well established business in this city; capital required about \$5,500; good reasons for selling. Particulars on application.

**Snaps**

Lot, Johnson St., 60x80, assessed \$500.

Price \$1200.

12 acre, Earl St., Chandler Est., cost \$8000. Price \$1200.

12 acre, Earl St., Chandler Est., cost \$8000. Price \$1200.

Two lots, corner Currie St., and Colville road assessed \$1000.

**Money to Loan.**

In sums to suit, at current rates. TEMPORARY LOANS A SPECIALTY.

**Insurance.**

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO. Risks taken at any point on Vancouver Island.

**P. R. Brown,**  
35 FORT STREET.



## Chapped Hands vs. Soft White Hands.

To cure chapped hands, apply a few drops of BOWES' BUTTERMILK TOILET LOTION after bathing rubbing in well.

To soften the hands, apply on retiring and wear gloves during the night. It is a delicate, creamy, non-sticky, and imparts to the hands a velvety softness. 25c. per bottle.

FOR SALE ONLY BY  
**GYRUS H. BOWES,**  
Chemist,  
Telephone 425, 98 Government St., Near Yates St.

## Lace Parlors.

A fine assortment of Silk Arabian Braids, Laces, Braids, Colored Laces, Japanese Laces and Embroidering Silks.  
The latest lace designs always on hand.  
MRS. F. V. ROBERTSON,  
25 Five Sisters' Block.

## Pulmonic Cough Cure

A reliable remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis and all inflamed conditions of the throat and lungs.

PREPARED BY  
**Hall & Co.**  
Dispensing Chemists, Clarence Block, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

## BUSINESS LOCALS

Special—Carpenters' Tools at Cheap Price.

Get your money's worth at the Escalet Cafe.

Two 2-lb. tins of pineapple for 35c. at Escalet, Wall & Co.'s grocery store, Good enough.

If you have beauty, I will take it.  
If you have no nose, I will make it.  
—SAVANNAH, Photo.

Five Sisters' Block.

It is ours to learn your likes and wishes, and rightly satisfy them. We'll Bros.

McClary's Famous Steel Ranges at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates street, Victoria.

The lunch at the Escalet Cafe is first-class.

Boys' and youths' overcoat prices cut in two for cash until after stock-taking. B. Williams & Co.

COMPANY—COMFORT—CONSOLATION  
These May Be Obtained If You Go About It in the Right Way.

Pay the most you can afford for good furniture. You will get back your money with compound interest. Don't get "cheap" furniture at any time—it's made to sell, and the purchaser is the one who is sold in the end. Whatever you buy from us, we guarantee to be honest value. Weiler Bros.

Seize the opportunity. Do not neglect it. "There is a time in the affairs of man," etc. Company, comfort and consolation can be obtained if you purchase at Campbell & Cullin's.  
Go to C. & G. for C. C. & C. do you see? Seize on the suggestion. This is the right season. Cor. Government and Truncheon avenue. Telephone 12.

J. & J. TAYLOR'S  
FIRE-PROOF SAFES  
—AND—  
VAULT DOORS

John Barnsley & Co.,  
AGENTS,  
115 GOVERNMENT ST.

Fire Guards at Cheapside. Air-tight Heaters at Cheapside. Bird Cages at Cheapside.

Mrs. J. D. Skinner and Miss I. J. Walsh, have taken over the dressmaking rooms at the Westside, and invite the ladies of Victoria to call and examine their work. Perfect fit and finish guaranteed. Prices moderate.

See new Queen Rattling Moulds at Cheapside. See Carving Sets and Cutlery at Cheapside. Fine Electro-Plate at Cheapside.

Mackintoshes and cravenette raincoats half price for cash during stock-taking sale. B. Williams & Co.

**BARGAINS IN  
HAIRBRUSHES AND COMBS.  
FINEST QUALITY.**

Prices cut in two for a few days.  
**B. C. DRUG STORE,**  
27 Johnson St. J. TEAGUE, JR., Mgr.  
Phone 356.

Driving ulsters and waterproof overcoats half price for cash during stock-taking sale. B. Williams & Co.

For a good lunch go to the Escalet Cafe.

Butter bowls, butter prints (round and rectangular) butter spades, butter workers, dairy brushes, milk buckets, milk cans, etc., cheap at R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street.

Blue Ribbon Tea is the best tea on earth.

Let your person be your first consideration. See Heard, Moody Block, about your Rupture.

Bank Exchange.—The Escalet Cafe from this date will serve merchants' lunch from 11:30 to 2 p.m. at usual town prices.

100 boys' 3 piece "Fauntleroy" suits half price for cash until stock-taking. B. Williams & Co.

**THE STRAND HOTEL.**  
(Vancouver.)

Has been remodelled. All newly furnished, and block from depot. European and American plan. Prices moderate. J. S. Wood, proprietor.

**The Latest New York Novelties.**  
In Embroidery Patterns for Shirt Waists, Stole and Lace Collars, New Braids and Cushion Tops; work done to order.

Mrs. W. H. Adams,  
70 Douglas St.

\$62.00 an acre buys a section of Gordon Head Fruit Land with water front.

Apply to  
**Heisterman & Co.**

## Local News

Meeting Postponed.—The annual meeting of the Friendly Help Society has been unavoidably postponed until March 26.

Sings Today.—Mrs. Slater will sing the sacred song "Pilgrims," by Steven Adams, at the evening service at the Metropolitan Methodist church today.

Tenders for Meters.—W. W. Northcott, city purchasing agent, is calling for tenders for the supply of 350 five-eighths inch water meters. Tenders will be received up till 3 p.m. on April 6.

King's Daughters.—The ministering circle of the King's Daughters will meet for needlework at Mrs. Shaw's house, 18 Michigan street, on Wednesday, March 18, at 3 p.m.

Socialist Lecture.—"The Paris Commune of 1871" will be the subject of an address by G. W. Wrigley this evening at 8 p.m. at Labor Hall, under the auspices of the Socialist party. Attendance of history are invited to attend.

Sons of Scotland.—Speyside Camp, Sons of Scotland, will hold a special meeting in Sir William Wallace Hall on Tuesday evening. The object of the meeting is to come up for discussion, and a full attendance is requested.

Struck It Rich.—A report reached the city yesterday that a very rich strike had been made on the Tyee mine, quite the most important yet recorded during the development of that promising property. Further particulars were not obtainable yesterday evening.

Aldermanic Donation.—Bishop Perrin was yesterday the thankful recipient of the sum of \$30 from Ald. Barnard, for the fund of the Seamen's Institute. The sum mentioned is the amount of the donor's aldermanic allowance for the month of February.

Annual Tea.—The annual tea of the Congregational church will be given next Thursday evening. As usual, a first class supper will be served, commencing at 6 o'clock, while later in the evening a programme of rare excellence will be rendered.

Looks Hopeful.—A. L. Belyea, secretary of the B. C. Mining Association last night received a despatch from President John Keen who is with the committee of the association at the Escalet Cafe, stating that things looked favorable, and that in all probability the trouble would be settled by Tuesday.

Board of Trade.—The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Trade will be held on Friday evening next at 8 o'clock. The much discussed report of the committee dealing with the resources of Vancouver Island and its advantages for transcontinental railway terminal purposes will be further considered.

S. O. E. Concert.—At the concert and social to be held in the A. O. U. W. hall on Tuesday next, under the auspices of lodge Pride of the Island, Sons of England, a gold medal will be presented to James Duncan, recently came to this city from Calgary. The medal, together with an address, has been sent from Calgary lodge as a token of their appreciation of his services as president of that lodge.

Isolation Hospital.—A meeting of the directors of the Jubilee Hospital will be held in the Board of Trade rooms on Tuesday evening next at 8 o'clock. The City Council's report as to the cost of maintenance of the Isolation Hospital will be one of the matters considered. The proposal that the hospital board take over the management of the Isolation Hospital will also be discussed. A full attendance is requested.

The Orpheum.—A large and enthusiastic audience greeted the Orpheum last night. There was a splendid entertainment. Mulligan the ventriloquist, kept the audience in laughter with his wood form. Ellwood was in his usual good form. The picture were well received, and also the illustrations by Mr. Tracy. Next week there will be an entire change of programme. The feature will be the great Gossios, the English musical team.

Senator Turner Talks.—Senator George Turner, one of the "Independent" Justices of the Supreme Court, who is visiting the United States on the Alaskan boundary tribunal, said in an interview with the Spokane Spokesman-Review: "There seems to be a misapprehension as to the position of the tribunal, of which I had the honor of being appointed a member. It is not an arbitration board, but a legal body, to determine on legal lines the boundary question."

Chinese Regulations.—The United States government has approved an agreement entered into by Commissioner General Sargent with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company whereby all works along the Canadian border will be supervised by the Canadian government. Chinese persons are closed excepted. Mr. Malone, N. Y. Portland, Or., and Sumas, Wash. Detention stations will be established by the government for the care and maintenance as well as the examination of Chinese persons at these places.

Tourist Association.—G. Hartnold of the Defted House, has received a letter from Dr. T. H. C. Smith, of the Tourist Association, Crutcher, Colorado, United Kingdom, who is arranging to conduct the party of British parliamentarians to Canada, in regard to hotel accommodations for the party during their stay in Victoria. Dr. T. H. C. Smith will be at least 50 in the party, and they will probably be in Victoria in August. Mr. Hartnold has forwarded the required information and the letter to the Tourist Association.

Logger Injured.—Robert Sturgeon, a logger, employed at Shalvian Lake by the Shalvian Lake Lumber Company, was brought to the city yesterday suffering from a tree having fallen on him. Sturgeon was engaged in felling a tree with others of the crew at 11 a.m. yesterday, when the timber tumbled towards him and caught him, striking him across the chest. He was extricated from beneath the tree and brought to Dr. Frank Hall's office for treatment. He is now at St. Joseph's hospital.

Martell's Three Star Brandy is the favorite.

Blacksmiths' Union.—A meeting of the members of the local branch of the International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths was held yesterday evening, and matters pertaining to the interests of the craft were discussed. The meeting was a private one.

Voting Machine.—A syndicate of San Francisco people has acquired the United States rights for the Imperial Automatic Voting Machine Company, of which a Victoria company owns the patents. The local government has been interviewed and asked to introduce legislation at the forthcoming session to permit a test of the machine being made at a provincial election.

High School Alumni.—The first quarterly meeting of the High School Alumni Association will be held in the Assembly room of the High School, next Friday evening at 8 o'clock. An interesting programme is being prepared, including musical and literary numbers. Some of the Alumni will read papers on the founding of the school, as viewed by them as pupils of the school, and the street girls' school and Central Boys' school. This event promises to be one of the interesting gatherings of the year, and certainly very important from an educational standpoint, as the formal meeting of old pupils of the High School cannot but result in increased interest being taken in the alma mater of so many of our young citizens.

Chinese School.—Vancouver is going to try and solve the problem of the segregation of Chinese pupils in the public schools, which question engaged much attention in Victoria during the late civic election. One of the first questions brought up at the meeting of the Chinese Empire Reform Association in Vancouver was that of the building of a large headquarters building and the opening of a night school. The school is to be especially for Chinese youths, but it will be open to Europeans who wish to learn the Chinese language and literature. It is proposed to appoint a highly educated and thoroughly up-to-date teacher, especially capable in present-day Chinese literature, who will have charge of the school.

PURE-BRED CATTLE.  
Spring Show and Sale at Calgary in May.

The third annual spring show and auction sale of pure-bred cattle under the auspices of the Territorial Pure-Bred Cattle Association, and the second annual spring stallion show under the auspices of the Territorial Horse Breeders' Association will take place in Calgary on the 13th and 14th of May next.

This is an excellent opportunity for our breeders to provide themselves with good acclimated bulls for range purposes, as the animals offered at those sales are from the ranges of the Northwest.

Mr. J. R. Anderson, Deputy Minister of Agriculture will be pleased to furnish any further information.

LENORA MINE AFFAIRS.  
Conditional Offer Made at Meeting of Creditors Yesterday.

At an important meeting of the unsecured creditors of the Lenora-Mount Sicker Copper Mining Company, held yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, in Pioneer hall, a proposition was made on behalf of James Breen, looking to the making of an arrangement whereby the property may be further developed by the latter, was discussed.

D. R. Ker occupied the chair, and there was a good attendance of interested parties. J. A. Macdonald, of local receiver, reported among other things, having received from Mr. Breen an offer to expend \$25,000 in order to prove the extent of the ore bodies, providing the said sum be made a preferred claim of the creditors of the mortgagees, who are now in possession, had been paid.

Mr. Breen, on behalf of the mortgagees, stated the position of the latter. Such arrangement as Mr. Breen proposed would only be brought about by the latter obtaining the acquiescence of unsecured creditors. The mortgagees, however, were quite prepared to allow Mr. Breen, should the arrangement be consummated, to have full control of the property of the mine, and that they would in every way facilitate the work of development. The amount named was proposed to be expended at the rate of about \$3,000 per month. During the time the mine has been in possession of the mortgagees, some 8,000 tons of ore had been treated, and out of the proceeds over \$7,000 had been paid on account of claims for back pay due at the time the mortgagees took possession of the mine.

The mortgagees are now in better shape, perhaps, than it had been for some time. The hotel had been leased at a very good rental, and altogether the property was in first class shape. Should the unsecured creditors agree to Mr. Breen's proposition, there would be no difficulty in proceeding with the work of development.

The matter, it is understood, was left in the hands of the creditors, and another meeting will be held.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE, COLWOOD  
Consider Establishment of a Co-operative Creamery—Dance Follows.

A meeting of the Metcosh Farmers' Institute took place at Colwood on Friday evening last for the purpose of considering the question of the establishment of a co-operative creamery. Mr. Sharpe, of Agassiz, had promised to give a lecture on the subject of co-operative creameries, as well as P. T. Tolmie, but the former was detained by illness in his family, and the latter was unable to get back from Salt Spring Island owing to the withdrawal of the frigate. The meeting was largely attended by about 8:45, the President, Mr. John Wallace, in the chair, and Mr. G. Finchard, secretary. Mr. J. R. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture, gave an address on the subject of co-operative creameries, pointing out their advantages over private dairying, giving information as to the assistance the government was prepared to give, statistics of other creamery plants, the necessity of thorough cleanliness, and other matters of a like nature of success was to be expected from the establishment of a creamery. Mr. Shaw, of Colwood, also spoke on the same subject, emphasizing the necessity of providing succulent summer feeding in the shape of soiling crops in order to secure a good and continuous flow of milk, he enlarged on the necessity of testing every cow so that unprofitable animals should not be kept, the feeding of cows in the stable, the importance of having fresh milk, dairymen but in all other matters in connection with the business of farming. Many questions were asked and it was decided to canvass the district in order to ascertain the number of cows that are available as "milking machines" and their proceedings. The evening was interspersed with a recitation by one of the gentlemen, a song by Mrs. Demers in her usual charming manner, and the serving of refreshments. At the conclusion of the proceedings, dancing was indulged in by the younger portion of the audience. Quite a quantity of snow lies on the roads, making wheeling very heavy, many of those present from Metcosh came in sleighs, and they reported the road by Happy Valley in good condition, there being plenty of snow.

Although the weather man, like his prototype, the groundhog, sometimes errs in prognosis, he claims that \$4,000,000 of perishable freight was saved by the signals announcing the approach of the recent cold wave is not unfounded. The government herd of reindeer in Alaska, which is expected in the future to supply food and animal products for the natives, number 10,000, and it is believed by another thousand now contracted for in Siberia.

The tourist association is cordially co-operating with the motor car club in arranging for excursion trains and boats from all parts, so that a big influx of visitors from the island and the American side may be looked for during festival week.

If you are tired of the large old-fashioned grating pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a day, try them.

## CANTATA OF QUEEN ESTHER.

Will Be Presented by Choir of First Presbyterian Church on 24th.

Under the auspices of the First Presbyterian church choir and Sunday school the beautiful sacred cantata, "Queen Esther," will be presented in the Victoria Theatre on the evening of Monday, March 24th, and Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, 24th and 25th of this month. The cantata will be produced in all the splendour of Oriental costumes and scenery, and on the largest scale ever attempted on the Pacific Coast. In all about 200 people will take part. Rehearsals are being held every afternoon and evening from 4 o'clock till 10:30 p.m., the greatest interest being manifested. A number of marches and drills are introduced at various times during the presentation, among them may be mentioned "The Hour of the Day," in which some 40 young ladies take part, and the Queen's Royal Guards (16 ladies), maids of honor (16 young men), King's guards (16 gentlemen), Sherbrooke drill (16 young ladies). A magnificent scene is presented when Mordecai is proclaimed Premier by Haman, Mordecai enters on horseback and the triumphant procession is headed by the entire company. The production is one of great magnitude and no expense has been spared to present it in the best possible manner to Victorians, the very best talent of the city affords the best of the principal parts, and they are supported by a splendid chorus, well trained and part perfect. Tickets for this event are now on sale in the hands of those taking part, and purchasers of the cantata can exchange them for reserved seats at the Victoria Book & Stationery store when the plan opens on Saturday morning, the 21st inst., at 9 a.m. Further particulars will be given in our advertising columns later.

Great Cycle  
Of Festivals

Charles Harriss Outlines Purpose and Probable Effect in Press Interview.

Productions By British Composers Only—Spreads Music Through Canada.

The great chain of musical festivals known as the Great Cycle Festivals of the Dominion of Canada are completed. The promoter of the huge undertaking, Chas. A. E. Harriss, says: "For two years I have worked upon this musical project, which I consider a national work in the cause of the art all over the Dominion. It calls for a series of festivals commencing at Halifax, March 31, then to the following cities: Montreal, St. John, Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Woodstock, London, Winnipeg, Brandon, New Westminster, Vancouver, and terminating at Victoria, May 8. "During my residence in Canada—20 years—we have averaged but three festival choruses throughout the Dominion capable of giving pleasure to a large number of six to seven hundred voices all told. The outcome of this present movement has brought into active newness of life twenty-five festival choruses in every province of the Dominion. The total of four thousand Canadian voices, who are today busy rehearsing the music of the festivals which are to be conducted by Sir Alexander Mackenzie, the distinguished composer and conductor of the greatest musical institution in Great Britain, namely, the Royal Academy of music, London.

"England is cognizant of this musical upheaval in the new country. It is surprised to see us in a light other than as a nation of wheat producers and prospectors of minerals. Surprised, I say, and glad we can rise to a national occasion and give festivals patterned upon the lines of the great musical festivals of yearly occurrence in Great Britain, where Handel first gave his 'Messiah,' where close on a hundred years ago Mendelssohn gave his 'Elijah.' Canada is given hearty credit for one of the grandest musical showings ever known to the annals of musical history, namely, from one end of the country to the other a continuous series of festivals, and primarily of British character.

"The compliment paid to Great Britain in performing the works of the British masters by their country at her first endeavor has brought about the interest of the Canadian people. The Standard, Observer and Musical Times refer to it repeatedly in terms equally complimentary to Canada, and whilst I touch upon this salient feature, let me say, the works being rehearsed for the festivals of Great Britain by England's standard composers. Stanford, Parry, MacKenzie, Sullivan, German, Elgar, Cowen, and others, are being rehearsed by the Canadian people. Macdonald, the principal master-minds whose works will be interpreted by choruses, soloists and orchestra. Compositions, some of which find their way into Germany and other foreign lands, are being rehearsed with music, challenge foreign appreciation and bear out our own feelings that the British composer deserves at the hands of his countrymen as much recognition as is given by them to foreign products.

ALL ENGLISH MUSIC.  
"The grand old man, Sir John Macdonald, a British subject I was born, a British subject I die. In like manner I believe in the music of my own country, and Canadian citizens have but to hear it to know that it is music replete with vigour, energy, and a grandeur of expression, and colossal workmanship. A true to those who ever harp Wagner and Brahms as the eternal music of the ages to come, it refreshes me as to the attendance at a British musical festival.

"I desire to point out that this cycle is not being given for speculative purposes, but for the good of our country and I hope the leader of the 'conservative party,' my friend, Mr. Bennett, will forgive me if I make use of a letter he wrote me the other day in which he said 'we are sure the great undertaking would meet with the enthusiastic support of all patriotic Canadians.' At any rate, I have put the best work of my life into organizing the cycle, which I wish to live and see on and prosper. The festivals must pay for themselves, and the money they are now in the hands of the public, and I have every confidence in the result."

With regard to the Victoria Festival, which will be held on May 7 and 8, Mr. Phillips, the honorary secretary, states that the success of the festival, musical in character, is already assured. The members of the chorus appreciate the honor and privilege it is to sing to the baton of such a renowned man as Sir Alexander MacKenzie, and fully realize the necessity of making the festival a success. It is his present venture, to make the festival an annual feature in the musical life of Victoria.

The tourist association is cordially co-operating with the motor car club in arranging for excursion trains and boats from all parts, so that a big influx of visitors from the island and the American side may be looked for during festival week.

If you are tired of the large old-fashioned grating pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a day, try them.

Fire Caused  
By Explosion

Resulted in Yates Street Building Being Partially Gutted Yesterday.

Mrs. Allison Badly Burned—Narrow Escape of One of Her Children.

As a result of the explosion of gasoline at the Paisley Dye Works yesterday afternoon, the Sears' block, a wooden frame building on Yates street, was practically gutted, and Mrs. Allison, wife of one of the proprietors of the dye works, was very badly burned about the head, face and arms. Fire followed the explosion on the instant, and one of the three children of Mrs. Allison, who was in the building, had a very narrow escape from death. With a rush of flame and a cloud of smoke, the front of the store burst outward within a few moments of the explosion, and some bystanders at once telephoned from the Clarence hotel to the fire department, which arrived quickly on the scene. Some of the children called out not on regular duty—rushed from near-by points, and the firemen were soon at work, with several streams of water playing on the building on short order from the street, from neighboring houses, and from the quickly raised ladders.

The front of the building was hidden in a cloud of smoke, from which flames were breaking forth. The smoke hid the front of the store, and the children, who were in the building, were in danger. The mother was still thinking of the children, who were in danger in the flames, which were in danger in the flames. Dazed in her terror she ran about shrieking to the firemen to save her children, and again and again she made an effort to dash into the denser swirl of smoke and flame to seek the little ones. While the mother was frantically seeking her children, the other workers had hurried them from danger to safety. Mrs. Darling, wife of the proprietor of the Caledonia Bakery, which suffered much damage from water, got two of the children out by the way of the back door.

One was still missing and when it was rumored among the large throng which filled the street that a child was in the burning building, the crowd were horror-stricken. Firemen rushed to the scene, seeking the children in the dense cloud of smoke which all but overcame them, dodging the sweep of the tongues of flames which came from the room in which the gasoline had exploded, while the other workers had hurried them from danger to safety. Mrs. Darling, wife of the proprietor of the Caledonia Bakery, which suffered much damage from water, got two of the children out by the way of the back door.

The work of the firemen soon began to tell on the fire, for the flames grew less brilliant, and the smoke grew less voluminous as the water continued to play on the fire. Ladders were set up, and firemen held vantage points on the adjoining roofs to pour water into the fire, and others, despite the fact that the dense smoke all but overcame them, rushed the hose into the front of the burning building, and played streams into the thick of the fire. It was in the Paisley Dye Works, for the works are situated elsewhere, that the fire burned the fiercest. The sweep of the flames from the gasoline covered this place, and of the furnishings and stock, little than a few charred skeletons remained. There are two living rooms behind the store which fronts the street, and it was in the rear-most of these that Mrs. Allison had been working with the gasoline which exploded with such disastrous effect. The rear room, from which the fire burst through the partition into the Japanese tailoring firm of K. Tanimura & Co., was gutted completely, but the frames of two sewing machines and the stove being left. In the other room, the charred frame of a bedstead and some wrecked and burned furniture alone remained, while in the store at the front the charred fixtures held a few embers of what had been clothing.

In the Japanese tailoring store next door the fire did not make a clean sweep, but the damage was heavy. The greater part of the stock and furniture of the store was burned, and much damage was done by water. The firemen had got the fire under control and were driving it out from the upper part of the building, the Japanese—a score of hands—organized a splendid fire, and the fire was driven out of the store. They saved the till, money, some sewing machines, suits, and other goods, but the salvage represented a small part of the contents of the store. Upstairs there are a number of bedrooms, all of which were more or less damaged, but not as seriously by any means as the stores below. In the attic, too, the fire was fierce, and a large quantity of miscellaneous goods that had been stored, and there was much loss in this part. The clothing rooms of the Japanese and the bedrooms, however, suffered more from water than from fire, and the Japanese and roomers who occupied the rooms suffered much of their effects. The rooms were all flooded and much of the plank was cut away in the work of subduing the fire, which burned for over an hour.

The Caledonia Bakery, while it did not suffer by the fire, was a heavy sufferer from smoke and water, a torrent pouring into the fancy staged ornamental cakes, fruit cakes, etc.—the stock in trade of the bakery, which sustained loss to the extent of about five hundred dollars, with no insurance. The plumbing store of A. Barker, which adjoins the dye works, was not damaged to any extent. The occupants, however, lost no time in getting their effects from the building, and the Chinese who occupied the laundry several doors below gathered their coolie loads and hurried their effects into the street. Ironing poles, baskets of laundry, alarm clocks and other valuables of a Chinese nature were hurried on to the sidewalk, until when they saw that the fire was being subdued the Chinamen carried back their goods.

The building, of which Mr. S. T. Styles is the owner or trustee, was insured for \$1,000, which will cover the damage to the building. The Caledonia Bakery resumed business soon after the fire.

Parlor furnishings are selected with great care than are the furnishings of any other room in the house. They must be right in style—not only of modern designs, but also attractive and beautiful; they must be substantial, made so as to give service and satisfaction to the user. These points, coupled with fair prices are features that strongly prevail throughout our stock of parlor furnishings. Are you interested? Weiler Bros.

Men's and youth's fine business suits half price for cash until after stock-taking. B. Williams & Co.

Martell's Three Star Brandy is the favorite.

Walter S. Fraser & Co.,  
LIMITED.

## DEALERS IN HARDWARE

English and Norway Iron, Steel, Steam and Water Pipe, Fittings, Brass Goods, E.C.

Blacksmith, Building, Mining and Logging Supplies. Warehouse Trucks, Scales, Wheel Barrows, Picks, Shovels and Contractors' Plant, Etc.

A FULL LINE OF SNEDEKER'S PATENT LEG VISES IN STOCK.

## WHARF STREET

TELEPHONE No. 5.  
P.O. BOX 423,  
VICTORIA, B.C.

Bracelets  
Bracelets

We have Bracelets in 14k. and 18k. gold, best quality roll gold plate and in sterling silver. The styles are very pretty, especially the chain bracelets set with turquoises and pearls.

We have also some very fine snap bracelets set with diamonds, sapphires and pearls, which we would like you to inspect, the prices being very low.

**C. E. REDFERN**  
43 Government St.  
Established 1892. Tel. 115.

The sanitary and economical advantages of straw matting are making it more popular every year as floor coverings for bedrooms, especially, in quality, patterns, and price, leave nothing to be desired. Weiler Bros.

20 cases latest style American hats, all at sale prices for cash. B. Williams & Co.

## Tailoring

SCOTCH TWEEDS, WORSTEDS, WORSTEDS AND TWEED PANT-INGS and Economy, Satisfaction and Appearance, is what you get from

## Good Tailoring

Because the latest and up-to-date Patterns of good quality made to the LATEST FASHIONS, or to your taste; also a good fit which give you the appearance of being well dressed.

Remember  
**PEDEN'S**  
36 Fort St. Merchant Tailor.

## Fishing Tackle.

At less than cost of importation. Come and see for yourselves. The cheapest ever offered.

FINE ASI, 3 Point Rod ..... 20c.  
A SILENT ROD, worth 75c. .... 40c.  
BAMBOO RODS, very fine ..... 75c.  
THE FINEST ROD, 3 and 4 Point with Nickel Trappings ..... \$1.40  
LARGE ASSORTMENT REELS 15c. to 75c.

The very finest Silk Waterproof Lines, 45c., 50-hooks for small fish, 10c. Leaders, double cut, 6c. Finest Kerby Double Gut Hook, 15c. dozen.

This is a genuine cut price sale.

## Victoria Bargain Bazaar,

81 Johnson St., near Broad.

## Lace and Fancy Work Parlors

MISS E. A. MESHER.  
A fine assortment of Lace Braids, including the new Brugs Silk Briz. All the latest patterns to hand, viz: Bishop Stock Collars, Yokes, etc.

## Youthful Eyes for the Aged







Our Motto:—"Purity and Quality."

## Java and Mocha Coffee

We guarantee to be absolutely Pure. A trial will convince you.

30c and 40c Per Lb.

Ground by electricity as required.

MOWAT &amp; WALLACE, GROCERS, CORNER YATB AND DOUGLAS

## Services in City Churches

## Special Musical Arrangements For Third Sunday in Lent.

## Evangelistic Programme Arranged For the Coming Week.

Today, the Third Sunday in Lent, will be observed in a number of the churches with special musical services. The preachers in the various pulpits and service arrangements are as follows:

## ST. JOHN'S.

There will be morning prayer at 11 and evening at 7, the rector, Rev. Archibald Jeans, being the preacher at both services. The musical arrangements are as follows:

## Morning.

Organ—Andante in G.....A. Greenish  
Vocalists.....Cathedral Psalter  
Benedictus.....Slipper in E Flat  
Kyrie.....Cathedral Psalter  
Hymns.....103, 132, 102  
Organ—Postlude in B Flat.....E. Newell

## Evening.

Organ—Melody in E.....J. E. Newell  
Vocalists.....Cathedral Psalter  
Magnificat.....Nune Dinitia.....103, 107, 20  
Hymns.....103, 107, 20  
Organ—The St. John's hymn in E  
Hymns.....103, 107, 20  
Organ—The St. John's hymn in E

## ST. JAMES.

There will be morning prayer at 11 and evening at 7, the rector, Rev. Archibald Jeans, being the preacher at both services. The musical arrangements are as follows:

## Morning.

Organ—Andante in G.....A. Greenish  
Vocalists.....Cathedral Psalter  
Benedictus.....Slipper in E Flat  
Kyrie.....Cathedral Psalter  
Hymns.....103, 132, 102  
Organ—Postlude in B Flat.....E. Newell

## Evening.

Organ—Melody in E.....J. E. Newell  
Vocalists.....Cathedral Psalter  
Magnificat.....Nune Dinitia.....103, 107, 20  
Hymns.....103, 107, 20  
Organ—The St. John's hymn in E  
Hymns.....103, 107, 20  
Organ—The St. John's hymn in E

## ST. BARNABAS CHURCH.

At St. Barnabas' church there will be holy eucharist at 8 a.m.; matins at 10.30 a.m.; and eucharist at 11 a.m. The rector, Rev. E. G. Miller, will officiate at both services. The musical and evening arrangements are as follows:

## Morning.

Organ—Hymn.....103, 132, 102  
Vocalists.....Cathedral Psalter  
Benedictus.....Slipper in E Flat  
Kyrie.....Cathedral Psalter  
Hymns.....103, 132, 102  
Organ—Postlude in B Flat.....E. Newell

## Evening.

Organ—Melody in E.....J. E. Newell  
Vocalists.....Cathedral Psalter  
Magnificat.....Nune Dinitia.....103, 107, 20  
Hymns.....103, 107, 20  
Organ—The St. John's hymn in E  
Hymns.....103, 107, 20  
Organ—The St. John's hymn in E

## ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN.

At St. Andrew's Presbyterian church there will be services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The Rev. W. Leslie Clay will officiate at both morning and evening. The musical arrangements are as follows:

## Morning.

Organ—Meditation.....Gizout  
Psalm 30.....Chant 241  
Hymn.....103, 132, 102  
Organ—Postlude in B Flat.....E. Newell

## Evening.

Organ—Meditation.....Gizout  
Psalm 30.....Chant 241  
Hymn.....103, 132, 102  
Organ—Postlude in B Flat.....E. Newell

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## DEEP SEA PHILOSOPHERS.

(Edward Lowry in New York Post.)

A little red-headed boy, wearing a blue guernsey and heavy sea boots, clumped up and down the deck of the big Sunderland-built, four-masted British bark Principality. From the breast of the poop he took twenty steady steps forward, swung on his heel, and came aft again. He was conscious of majesty personified. From his manner of aloofness he might have been an admiral. It was noon, and the officers were at mess in the cabin; the men were having dinner forward. The little red-headed boy was in charge of the deck, and the responsibility lay strong upon him.

The black and shiny cook, his labors ended, leaned comfortably out of the galley doorway pulling contentedly on a little figure, beaming benevolently. He surveyed the drowsy decks, the shipping, and somnolent South street. His ear caught the measured tramp under the poop, and his eyes measured the sturdy figure, beaming benevolently. He called to him in the soft throaty voice of the Barbados:

"Hi! You white boy, don't you want a potato?"

The overture was met with silent contempt; the round faced face was set as a stone against temptation. He kept up his sentry-go unfalteringly. The cook looked amazed.

"Disheer is certainly a cut's boy," he muttered. "If you don't come byer when I call you, I'm shore going to lay your hair wide open when I lay my's on you," he shouted.

"I can't come, doctor," pleaded the boy. "Don't you see I'm on duty. I must stand here and watch the gang-way."

The cook retired growling, as the head of a truckman appeared above the rail. He was fumbling in his cap for his cartage receipts.

"Keep off," commanded the watch on deck sternly. "You'll have to wait until the chief officer has finished his dinner."

"I've got some wagon wheels for Adelaide," (the Principality is loading for Australia), said the truckman, by way

beside the black cook and establish a renewal of peaceful relations. The second officer of the Principality is encouragingly young, having just turned two and twenty, yet he is as wise as any of the men and crew. If all goes well he hopes to have his master's certificate tacked under the lid of his chest before he has gone far past four and twenty.

"This was trading down in the Black sea three years ago in a steamer with a skipper that was only twenty-seven," said the second officer.

"A man that comes to sea has got to keep his eyes open. Now I'm handling men that's been to sea twice as long as I have. All the time I've been in sail and 'cos why? 'Cos the reason I tell you why. When you go up before the board for your certificate they won't ask you anything except about how to handle a sailing ship. It's all sails and gear, and raising and lowering yards and stepping topmasts and galantinas, and standing rigging and running gear. Things that are of no sort of use in steam, but you've got to know 'em before you can get your ticket."

"Course when I get my master's ticket I'll pop out of these hookers as fast as ever I can, and begin to look for a berth in steam."

The second officer paced up and down the deck, looking at eight foot figures on another English bark who with backs bent, were walking round a capstan, slowly hoisting the heavy yard aloft.

"I sent all my yards aloft this morning," he said proudly. "We had to strike down all our topmasts coming under that blessed bridge. Even the jigger topmast had to come down. We aren't very heavily sparred, but we tower a lot."

"Were you ever out in the Australia trade, sir? China way, sir? Well, I've never been out there. I was one voyage to Bombay, but I don't want any more like that. There's no place for an English sailor in those parts, and a lot of yellow fellows in the fo'c'sle that can't understand what you're saying to 'em. Now, Australia's different. It's like

spread all over the seven seas. This bully, when he took the deck in the early morning would go forward to rouse the watch below armed with a capstan bar and a knotted rope's end. When he had sung out and the men came piling up, each fighting to be the first man on deck, he would stand by with his weapon and clout over the head the last man to appear. Somebody had to be last, and the mate was always sure of a victim. Sometimes he would knock him in the cranium, one time a sailor's skull was cracked, and always one hand in the watch had a bloody head. That was a merry villain's idea of keeping his men lively.

"And so," concluded the old man pensively, "when I slipped down the chains and hit the beach at Honolulu, I didn't have nothing but a pair of breeches and two of them big silver trade dollars that you get down there, that I had brought away in my mouth, and I guess if it hadn't been for them muggers up country, I'd a starved to death."

A cry of grief and alarm was heard as a body in need of upholstering began without preface and with a level, singsong, monotonous voice:

"So I got aft and I says to the Cap'n, 'Cap'n Slocum,' says I, 'that's a whale on our starboard bow.'"

"Oh, go to blazes," says the Cap'n. "I waits a space, then I goes aft an' I says to the Cap'n, 'Cap'n Slocum,' says I, 'that's a whale on our starboard bow, an' she's a-blowin'.'"

"Oh, go to blazes," says the Cap'n. "I waits a space, then I goes aft an' I says to the Cap'n, 'Cap'n Slocum,' says I, 'that's a whale on our starboard bow, an' that's 500 barrels of oil in that

"An' pretty soon we had lowered our boats an' we took that whale an' we got it aboard an' we had them 500 barrels of oil in our hold. Then Cap'n Slocum come to me an' says he:

"Go down in my cabin an' that you'll find a jug of twenty-year-old Scotch whiskey, an' a bottle of fine French brandy, an' a case of prime old New England rum," an' says he to me, 'treat yourself kindly,' says he.

"Then I says to the Cap'n, 'Cap'n Slocum,' says I, 'I don't want none of your twenty-year-old Scotch whiskey, an' I don't want none of your fine French brandy, an' I don't want none of your prime old New England rum. All I wants is civility. Just the commonest, plainest, orneriest, condescendin', civility, an' I goes forward.'"

The old man's droning voice fell away into silence, and none of the men present had any more to say. Some of them had slumped down into comfortable positions and slept like the children they are. So that when the casual visitor left the ship the only sign of life on her decks was the young second officer pacing up and down the poop, his eyes set on the day when with his master's certificate in his chest he might have a ship of his own.

EDWARD LOWRY.

## NERVOUSNESS AND NERVE.

The more nervous a man is, the less nerve he has. That sounds paradoxical—but it isn't; for nerve is stamina. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives nerve. It tones the whole system, perfects digestion and assimilation and is therefore the best medicine for nervousness, whether mental or physical. If you get tired easily, mentally, or physically, take it—it will do you good.

## PASSING OF VERA CRUZ TURKEYS.

One of the most striking novelties to the tourist or transient who passes through Vera Cruz is the bazaars with which the city is infested. As much as the city has no sewer system, but merely open drains in the streets, these birds play no small part in the scavenger service of the municipality. The bazaars of the Municipal building and cathedral form their headquarters, as well as a roosting place. The view above, taken from the Condesa street at midday when the city garbage cart was making its daily round. The stream of water in the centre "the



At Calvary Baptist church, Rev. J. F. Vichert, M.A., pastor, there will be worship at 11 a.m. Morning subject, "The Reward of Writing," evening, "Sin's Indelible Writing." Sunday school at 2:30; B. Y. P. U., Monday at 8 p.m.; social, Thursday at 8 p.m.

EMMANUEL BAPTIST. Pastor P. H. McEwen will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "A Neglected Grace," evening subject, "Put Among the Children." (Mrs. G. Jennings Burnett will sing during the evening service. Sunday school, 2:30 p.m.; young people's meeting, Monday at 8 p.m.; annual social and roll call, on Wednesday at 8 p.m.; annual meeting for election of officers and other business, Thursday at 8 p.m.

CHRISTADELPHIANS. The above hold public meetings for the advocacy of the one faith every alternate Sunday evening, in the A. O. U. W. building, room No. 1, upstairs, commencing at 7 o'clock. Subject of lecture tonight: "The Troubled World—Its Cause and Cure." All are cordially invited. Seats free, no collection.

SPIRITUALISM. The Psychic Research Society will hold the usual service in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, Sunday evening, at 7:30. Mrs. Nettie Hall Hard will be the lecturer. After the lecture a few tests will be given. All are invited to attend.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE. The Sunday service of the Christian Science Society will be held at 87 Pandora street, at 11 a.m. Subject, "Matter."

SHIP CARPENTERS MEET. Officers for the Current Year Elected at the Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Shipwrights' Union election of officers for ensuing year resulted as follows:

President, D. L. Kelly; vice-president, Alex. Monteth; secretary, T. L. Piers; treasurer, Ed. Kernode; trustees, P. Nisbet, S. Sen, Ed. Andrews.

The following constituted the executive board for the transaction of all business when the association is not in session, and for the trial of offenders against the laws of the union, subject to an appeal to the executive board of the Trades and Labor Congress at Ottawa.

Mr. L. Crook was appointed warden and Wm. Thompson, conductor. The financial report showed the prosperous condition of the institution and that all members had been made to feel the value of the union.

The relations with other unions were cordial and harmony between employers and workmen had been carefully maintained.

Messrs. McNeill, McNeill and P. Cook, sons of shipwrights, were elected apprentices, and Messrs. Williams and Stewart accepted as apprentices of the Association.

President Kelly and Treasurer Kernode were elected delegates to the Trades and Labor Congress for the year.



## SUNLIGHT SOAP

If you wash linoleums and oilcloths with ordinary soap you will find the colors will fade. You can preserve their colors and make them last a long time if you wash them with Sunlight Soap. When dirty, wash with warm water and Sunlight Soap, rinse with clean water and wipe completely dry with a soft cloth. Use Sunlight Soap throughout the house. It makes homes bright and heart's light. It contains no impurities or free alkalis to injure the most delicate fabric.

ASK FOR THE OCTAGON BAR.

Sunlight Soap washes the clothes white and won't injure the hands.

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO.

## SANITARY COOKING UTENSILS

ENDORSED BY THE

## Leading Medical Men of Canada.

The Enameling of Utensils for Cooking Purposes has been an important factor in preserving the lives of many people. There is nothing you can use that can be so easily and thoroughly cleaned; nothing better for actual cooking results; nothing so economical, as it costs but little and wears so long. We have always kept a well assorted stock of Enamel-ware, but never before have we had such a splendid range of reputable makes as at present.



Teapots from 45c. each.  
Coffee Pots from 60c. each.  
Sugar Bowls from 30c. each.  
Creamers from 35c. each.  
Milk Jugs from 40c. each.  
Butter Dishes from 45c. each.  
Pie Dishes from 50c. each.  
Cake Pans from 55c. each.  
Roasting Pans from 60c. each.  
Frying Pans from 65c. each.  
Skillets from 70c. each.  
Griddles from 75c. each.  
Toasters from 80c. each.  
Coffee Mills from 85c. each.  
Sugar Dispensers from 90c. each.  
Salt Dispensers from 95c. each.  
Pepper Dispensers from 1.00 each.  
Vinegar Dispensers from 1.05 each.  
Ketchup Dispensers from 1.10 each.  
Mustard Dispensers from 1.15 each.  
Mayonnaise Dispensers from 1.20 each.  
Salad Dressing Dispensers from 1.25 each.  
Fruit Dispensers from 1.30 each.  
Vegetable Dispensers from 1.35 each.  
Meat Dispensers from 1.40 each.  
Fish Dispensers from 1.45 each.  
Poultry Dispensers from 1.50 each.  
Game Dispensers from 1.55 each.  
Seafood Dispensers from 1.60 each.  
Dairy Dispensers from 1.65 each.  
Bread Dispensers from 1.70 each.  
Pastry Dispensers from 1.75 each.  
Confectionery Dispensers from 1.80 each.  
Candy Dispensers from 1.85 each.  
Chocolate Dispensers from 1.90 each.  
Ice Cream Dispensers from 1.95 each.  
Sherbet Dispensers from 2.00 each.  
Lemonade Dispensers from 2.05 each.

## Buy Enamel-ware at Weiler Bros.

YOU WILL GET THE BEST.



# FOR RENT.

30 Acres of Land, with good Dwelling, Out-houses, Etc., at Foul Bay. Moderate Terms.

PEMBERTON & SON, 45 Fort Street

## A FEW DAYS LONGER

We Will Sell

## Macintosh Garments.

AND ON FRIDAY NEXT

At 3 o'clock, 77-79 Douglas Street, we will hold a big sale of desirable

## Furniture and Effects.

W. T. HARDAKER.

Auctioneer.

## Good Seed

## A Problem

How Canadian Farmers Can Secure the Best Crops on Their Land.

Information Prepared by Dominion Department of Agriculture.

As in patriarchal days when men did not raise crops from their own hands, but the modern Canadian farmer cannot produce good crops unless he has good seeds. This has long been understood by the farmer, but it is not so generally appreciated by the public. It is a fact that the seeds of the crops which we eat are the result of the selection of the best seeds of the previous year. The seeds of the crops which we eat are the result of the selection of the best seeds of the previous year. The seeds of the crops which we eat are the result of the selection of the best seeds of the previous year.

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## The Week at The City Hall

A Resume of the Matters Engaging Attention of Civic Fathers.

Library Site By Law Likely to Pass Council Tomorrow Night.

The week just closed has been one characterized by developments of interest to the civic fathers. The matters which have engaged their attention have been of a nature to require their full consideration. The matters which have engaged their attention have been of a nature to require their full consideration. The matters which have engaged their attention have been of a nature to require their full consideration.

It is not exactly as "a bolt from the blue," certainly in the guise of a very great surprise, came the announcement of the City Council on Monday evening that he was diametrically opposed to the city proceeding with the Carnegie library project in view of the present condition of the finances of the city and the lack of adequate provision for the carrying out of actual civic necessities. His announcement caused much stir among the ratepayers, many of whom took occasion during the week to express their opinion as to what ought to be the proper procedure under the circumstances. Ald. Stewart has a bylaw before the council which provides for the creation of an opportunity for the ratepayers to make a selection of a site for the library.

ISOLATION HOSPITAL. A matter little less in importance to the Carnegie library scheme, which the council is now considering, is the question of the turning over of the isolation hospital to the jurisdiction of the Provincial Royal Jubilee hospital. The scheme has been on the tapis for a long time, but very little progress was made in advancing negotiations. The medical health officer submitted a voluminous report of the work of the institution for the past year, showing the number of patients treated, the nature of the diseases contracted, and the general financial outlay in connection with the management of the institution. The report was turned over to Auditor James L. Raymer, and he will submit a report on it at his disposal, preparatory to laying the whole matter before a conference between a committee of the council and the directors of the Jubilee hospital, which is to be held in a day or two.

PREMIER AND CABINET WAIT ARRIVAL OF THE PARTY IN LONDON. London, March 14.—"Southampton welcomes home Britain's Empire statesman in a huge, lettered, and surrounded and intertwined with Union Jacks and Stars and Stripes, was the motto that first greeted Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and Mrs. Chamberlain on landing at Southampton this morning from South Africa."

The travelers had a magnificent greeting. The quays were elaborately decorated, the ships were dressed in rainbow fashion, and rounds of cheering, the blowing of whistles and sirens greeted the liner Norman as she passed up Southampton water with Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain, accompanied by Lord Selborne, First Lord of the Admiralty, standing on the promenade deck. As the steamer was warped to her dock, Mr. Chamberlain's family went on board the Norman. They were shortly afterwards followed by the Mayor and Corporation of Southampton, who welcomed the travelers. The Mayor's daughter then handed a bouquet to Mrs. Chamberlain, and a procession was formed, with the Mayor and Mrs. Chamberlain leading, and Mr. Chamberlain and the Mayor's daughter coming after.

THE WEATHER. Meteorological Office, Victoria, March 14.—8 p.m. The barometer has fallen considerably and the temperature risen over Northern British Columbia during the last 24 hours. Generally unsettled, with showers of rain, and a strong wind from the coast. The winds are moderate on the coast from California northward, except at latter part of the day, strong from the east. In the territories the weather is becoming milder where zero temperatures have prevailed for two days.

TEMPERATURE. Min. Max. Victoria ..... 35 40 New Westminster ..... 36 40 Vancouver ..... 37 40 Nanaimo ..... 38 40 Port Moody ..... 39 40 Port Alberni ..... 40 45

FORECASTS. For 24 hours from 5 a.m. (Pacific time) Sunday: Victoria and vicinity: Light or moderate winds, unsettled and mild with occasional rain. Lower Mainland: Light or moderate winds, unsettled and mild with rain.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD. Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m. as follows: SATURDAY, MARCH 14. 5 a.m. ... 35.0 Mean ... 37.0 Noon ... 38.0 Highest ... 40.0 5 p.m. ... 39.0 Lowest ... 35.0

THE VELOCITY AND DIRECTION OF THE WIND were as follows: 5 a.m. ... 12 miles northeast. Noon ... 4 miles north. 5 p.m. ... 4 miles northeast. Average state of weather—Cloudy. Wind and rain. Trace. Barometer at noon—Observed ... 29.940 Corrected ... 29.970 NEW WESTMINSTER. Barometer at 5 p.m.—Corrected ... 29.960

From the raw molasses of love making to the vinegar of domestic infelicity is truly a bitter change.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY THERAPION. This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1. In a remarkably short time, often a few days only, removes all discharges from the urinary organs, suppresses inflammation, and does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.

THERAPION No. 2. For impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swelling of the joints, secondary symptoms of venereal disease, and all disorders for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of sufferers' teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system, restores the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous element.

THERAPION No. 3. For nervous exhaustion, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, and all the disorders which result from a weak, excitable, and nervous system. It restores the system, restores the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous element.

THERAPION. It is sold by all Chemists and Druggists throughout the world. Price in England 2/6 & 4/6. In ordering state which of the three numbers is required, and observe Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of word "Therapion" as it appears on British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

Sold by Lyman Bros. & Co., Ltd., Toronto. Price \$1.00. Postage 4 cents.

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CURED SECRETS

section being made, to undertake to build the extension within three months after the receipt of written notice to be given by the council.

THE FIRE LIMITS. A quietus was given to the ineffectual agitation for a reduction in the fire limits at last Monday evening's meeting of the Fire Wardens in a special report declining to recommend any change in the present boundaries. Popular opinion supports the fire wardens in their contention that it is generally felt that it would be a retrograde movement to reduce the fire limits at this time, besides being unfair to those property owners who have been compelled to build in accordance with the regulations. The insurance underwriters made a vigorous protest against any change being made.

SEWERAGE EXTENSION. The council has not yet made up its mind as to just when a start will be made upon the largest work of sewerage extension yet undertaken in the city, but by a vote of the ratepayers, Mr. Justice Martin and other residents of the higher levels are desirous that when a start is made the work should be carried out in a comprehensive and improved service in that locality. There is no particular obstacle in the way of an immediate commencement of work, though it is considered desirable to have the main sewer, which has all been subscribed, actually in the bank before instructions are issued to the city engineer to proceed with the undertaking.

GIFT TO THE PARK. The week just closed brought with it a donation to the park which is considered an important addition to the existing space. A picture of the bell has appeared in the Colonist. It is supposed to have been manufactured about the year 1677, and is therefore sufficiently ancient to be an object of great curiosity. It was taken from a Boxer settlement outside the Great Wall of China, a few miles from the city of Peking by Lieut. Macdonald of H. M. S. Tighe and forwarded to the city by the request of Mr. Mayor Hayward. It will be placed in position at the park in a short time.

EXHIBITION FINANCES. The council will be called upon on Friday evening next to take up the matter of exhibition finances and the expenditure of the holding of a show this year—a conference having been arranged for with the Board of Management of the exhibition at the office of Messrs. Yates and Jay on that date.

Chamberlain Is Welcomed. Colonial Secretary Greeted by Cheering Crowds on His Return.

Premier and Cabinet Wait Arrival of the Party in London.

London, March 14.—"Southampton welcomes home Britain's Empire statesman in a huge, lettered, and surrounded and intertwined with Union Jacks and Stars and Stripes, was the motto that first greeted Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and Mrs. Chamberlain on landing at Southampton this morning from South Africa."

The travelers had a magnificent greeting. The quays were elaborately decorated, the ships were dressed in rainbow fashion, and rounds of cheering, the blowing of whistles and sirens greeted the liner Norman as she passed up Southampton water with Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain, accompanied by Lord Selborne, First Lord of the Admiralty, standing on the promenade deck. As the steamer was warped to her dock, Mr. Chamberlain's family went on board the Norman. They were shortly afterwards followed by the Mayor and Corporation of Southampton, who welcomed the travelers. The Mayor's daughter then handed a bouquet to Mrs. Chamberlain, and a procession was formed, with the Mayor and Mrs. Chamberlain leading, and Mr. Chamberlain and the Mayor's daughter coming after.

THE WEATHER. Meteorological Office, Victoria, March 14.—8 p.m. The barometer has fallen considerably and the temperature risen over Northern British Columbia during the last 24 hours. Generally unsettled, with showers of rain, and a strong wind from the coast. The winds are moderate on the coast from California northward, except at latter part of the day, strong from the east. In the territories the weather is becoming milder where zero temperatures have prevailed for two days.

TEMPERATURE. Min. Max. Victoria ..... 35 40 New Westminster ..... 36 40 Vancouver ..... 37 40 Nanaimo ..... 38 40 Port Moody ..... 39 40 Port Alberni ..... 40 45

FORECASTS. For 24 hours from 5 a.m. (Pacific time) Sunday: Victoria and vicinity: Light or moderate winds, unsettled and mild with occasional rain. Lower Mainland: Light or moderate winds, unsettled and mild with rain.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD. Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m. as follows: SATURDAY, MARCH 14. 5 a.m. ... 35.0 Mean ... 37.0 Noon ... 38.0 Highest ... 40.0 5 p.m. ... 39.0 Lowest ... 35.0

THE VELOCITY AND DIRECTION OF THE WIND were as follows: 5 a.m. ... 12 miles northeast. Noon ... 4 miles north. 5 p.m. ... 4 miles northeast. Average state of weather—Cloudy. Wind and rain. Trace. Barometer at noon—Observed ... 29.940 Corrected ... 29.970 NEW WESTMINSTER. Barometer at 5 p.m.—Corrected ... 29.960

From the raw molasses of love making to the vinegar of domestic infelicity is truly a bitter change.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY THERAPION. This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1. In a remarkably short time, often a few days only, removes all discharges from the urinary organs, suppresses inflammation, and does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.

THERAPION No. 2. For impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swelling of the joints, secondary symptoms of venereal disease, and all disorders for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of sufferers' teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system, restores the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous element.

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## G. H. MUMM'S EXTRA DRY

The Great Leader. At all hotels, clubs, bars and refreshment places in the city. All wine and liquor dealers have Mumm's—the BEST Champagne in the world.

PITHER & LEISER. Direct Importers, Victoria and Vancouver

## F. J. BITTENCOURT Pemberton Road

Two Good Dwelling Houses, also Several Choice Building Sites on This Desirable Residential Street, for sale at Very Low Prices.

Apply to A. W. Jones, 28 Fort Street.

## The Hinton Electric Co., L't'd.

62 Government Street, ELECTRIC APPARATUS & IRON SUPPLIES. Selling Agents: CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED. CANADA FOUNDRY COMPANY, LIMITED.

## NORTHWESTERN SMELTING & REFINING CO.

Gold, Silver and Copper Ores, Mattes, Bullion, Furnace And Cyanide Products. LOCATION OF WORKS: CROFTON, Vancouver Island, B. C.

## THE BEST OF REASONS

Patience is one of the best of virtues, but why unnecessarily exercise it waiting for your tailor to turn out your clothes? Is it material? Fit-Reform offers you materials as good as any and better than most tailors can show. Is it workmanship? Fit-Reform tailors, trained to the making of one particular part—collar-moulding, sleeve-fitting, button-hole making, etc.—are better than the "jack-of-all-trades" tailor's man. Is it fit? Fit-Reform fits you perfectly or we won't let you take it. Is it style? Fit-Reform is in touch with the world of men's fashions—they are here for your inspection before your custom tailor has decided what his will be. Besides, Fit-Reform saves you one-third of the custom tailor's price—shows you how the finished garment suits you in fit, style, color and design, delivered the day you order—and then you can bring it back and get your money for any reason or without reason. Suits and Overcoats from \$10.00 to \$30.00. Trousers \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00.

Fit-Reform Wardrobe. Sole Agents: ALLEN & CO. 73 Government Street, VICTORIA, B. C.

New Battleship. The latest British battle ship, the Majestic, is said to be, in the thickness of her armor and the power of her guns, the most powerful ship in the British Navy. So with the great Steel and Malleable Iron Range Majestic. Its armor is of steel, its plates are of malleable, and all other parts are the heaviest and strongest. It is pronounced by all users the most powerful range on the American Continent, and it moves rapidly forward, conquering an opposition. It is ready at all times to fire, not to kill, but to feed the hungry and give b's'na to the needy.

Geo. Powell & Co. CHEAPSIDE. Agent, 127 Government Street.

CURSE OF DRINK

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By Frank Savile. - All Rights Reserved.

"At first, Micky couldn't be so big as to encourage an insolventable did it seem, but when Heffy began to taunt him, 'I bet you can't do 'brag an' thin shy whin' was money an' not words that was in the question, why thin he met him fair in the street."

"See you, Heffy blosh," he says, "I'll not have it proclaimed of me that I beamed an old natural like y'rself into 'sinner' two sovereigns!"

"You beamed 'em," he says, "I've 'em, but you 'ave the y'rself put 'quare thin very avain' in the pri' 'e'd of the whole concourse of us, so's there'll be no mistake. Thin if ye must, ye must. But can't the sinner sing 'ye beamed 'em' through y'r throat?"

"I'll have to work double dubs to get y'r money back. 'Tis as good as in y'r own pocket thin minn—so it is."

"Heffernan had no more to say to me," says the Squire, "so I took 'em out, an' t'ossed the hay as high as any, an' b' the wrinkles on the brown face

solence. Lave me hand him his dinner, but that he sh'd have had fr breakfast, but fr 'r breakfast, oblectioater, aye."

"I thought opposite me as determined as a r'ignint."

"Put down y'r pail, Tim," he says, "an' mind y'r own affairs while ye keep y'r hilt's sharp, ye beamed a s'ryous lawd, wavin' y'r at the ind of me dist. Who are ye to interfere between us and me business negotiatuns?" he asks.

"Are we to quarrel?" says he, drawin' a deep breath.

"No," he says, "I minded the threats of him, Master Francis, but how c'd I use me hands to a man odd enough to be me granfather? I poured back the wash into the butt, flung ash y'r wash into the butt, an' I'm in the sty'e, where Malachi was singin' choruses of Jamnatashun most distractful. Bedad, I thought th' old fool was mad, so I did, but though I meditated if me duty was to meditate, I tell the Squire, I waited, and he waited, and he waited."

"An liberty like the Shablin! In  
mod-he was forty dubs! A rich road  
mod-he 'ex dubs! Bless'n! after him!"  
I made a run fr Rattigan's thrup  
'n thin Rattigan sint his good horse  
further the procession as fast as he c'd  
go. "Eh, me! Eh, me! Such a roarin' an'  
yellin' as was goin' on in the front of  
the lads was droppin' off the dyke  
'n closin' in upon the competitors in  
a lump. It took Rattigan an' the pow-  
erful crowd 'round him the crowd among  
an' no done to death. But at last,  
in favor of the bull voice he had an'  
the crowd fr epithet he employed, we bounc-  
ed through w'd no more than the small-  
est scrape of any Rattigan's skin  
'n' the crowd 'round the bull's bruise  
Tom Shaungness wid the hub of the  
w-wheel.

"As fr me, I was shandin' upon the  
crotche, houldin' on b' Rattigan's ear, an' I  
sint 'em lever 'n' a' the crowd road  
off to Malachi where the crib sat  
thin him was wriglin' through the dust  
in y'ds ahead of the best Mike's  
ny c'd do. Bedad! I might have  
soured me breath! The good beast was  
in the crowd 'round the bull's bruise  
thin: was down in the distance, Heffy was  
tittlin' the tin trouch fr all the power  
in the Squire's etick, an' 'Bacon-wins!  
as the word all down the line.

Mike lashed his quadrawn, an' he

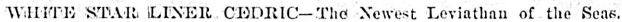
Hix—Say, I want to buy a good dog.  
Dix—Now, that's a sensible thing to  
do. Every man should own a good dog.  
Hix—Do you know where I can get  
one?  
Dix—Sare. I'll send you mine.—Chi-

But what was looked upon as a strange little freak on the railway official's certain has been studied out to a practical principle in photography. A beautiful, soft, photographic effect is now being got that way, with a little, little pinhole justing instead of a lens. In experimenting with a camera using different sized pin holes in the place of a lens, a San Francisco amateur photographer has used the scientific principles of photography in a way that it is the used for practical purposes in securing artistic pictures. Pin hole photography has been known some time, and many have experimented with it. But only a few years ago there was any real exposure time. The pictures obtained were mostly the result of guesswork in time of exposure and were more freaks than factors in practical picture-making.

You can demonstrate the principle of pin hole photography very easily. For instance, you may have an ordinary dark shade over a window that commands an open view where daylight strikes. Draw the shade down. Make the little

He has fitted up a camera with a metal disk to take the place of the lens. This disk has a small hole in the middle. Fastened to this disk is a small hole about the rim, in order that any size pin hole may be turned exactly round, so that it comes over the hole in the centre of the larger disk. By this arrangement all the apertures required for pin hole photography are ready for use. The mechanism are always ready for immediate use. Take a silver dollar and place upon it with the edges touching, a silver quarter, face up, and the stars about the rim of the quarter will correspond to the stars of the Poole's little mechanism and each of these stars, when the quarter is revolved, will pass exactly over the centre of the dollar. That is the pin hole photographic outfit in a nutshell. Dr. Power had a beautiful workman very handy for making the transparent plates. But to be sure of getting the edges of each pin hole exactly round the mechanic used very small little copper disks and fastened each of these back of the little revolv-

It takes time to make such pictures, the shortest exposure time in which Dr. Fowler has secured a perfect pin hole picture was one-eighth of a second, but in a very small number of cases, light, and the longest time he has given for a pinhole picture was twenty-four hours, when he set up his camera and left it exposed by daylight and in the electric light one whole day and a while night long, and the pictures were made in the hallways of physicians and surgeons, the picture took in the whole room with spread of 140 degrees and showed everything with the same distinctness. The photograph taken by a new camera was 100 degrees or 90 degrees or more than half the scope, and had failed to get the darker foreground, which was shaded from the window light in the rear and from the overhead electric globes. This picture was made with a new camera. The picture became a little bit of detail was wanted. The view of a vacant lecture room was not a pretty picture, but a small pin hole photograph would show details all clearly. And that was what was wanted. — San Francisco



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# PLIGHT OF THE UNITED STATES

## Why the Beginning of War With Spain Was Delayed.

From Ottawa Events.

We have had the remarkable spectacle during the past few months of a powerful young man in a Scottish jacket and a British firm of shipbuilders to recover damages in respect of loss and damage alleged to have been sustained through the non-thoroughness of four torpedo boats. The plaintiff, however, is, of course, Spain, who, through her minister of marine, avers that had the four gunboats been delivered by the date upon which they were needed, the war with the United States would have been averted. There is a difficulty that shapes our ends, but the Spanish government believes to-day that had she had the four gunboats which were building for her she would have prevented the landing of the United States troops on the island of Cuba. The Cubans isolated from outside assistance, have submitted themselves before the United States dreamed of interfering. The law action is a remarkable one, but there is a still more extraordinary story in connection with the Spanish-American war.

Spain was unready, her minister of marine tells us. Had he known what we know now, perhaps the government would not have waited for the United States to put the condition of the Spanishs, the Americans were in a still more parlous plight, and all the diplomatic trickeries, the delays and feints of which the world was witness in the spring of 1898, were part of the inevitable declaration of war until America dared safely to make it. The story is one of the most remarkable in the history of modern warfare, and is told by no less an authority than Mr. Woodford, who at that time was American minister at Madrid. Negotiations of a more or less delicate character, with war always looming in the distance, had been in progress for some months, when on January 15, 1898, the United States fleet was blown up in the harbor of Havana.

"Through department other than the State department," Mr. Woodford has told us, "I received telegraphic information on February 18. There was not on the American ships in the ordnance depots in the United States two rounds of powder per gun at that time, and I was told to exhaust the arts of peace until April 15, the earliest date at which we could be anywhere near ready for war, and that in any event smokeless powder for both army and navy would be another impossibility.

"I did the best I could, but let me tell you that had it not been for the unfaltering and loyal friendship of England and the attitude of her minister at Madrid, I might have failed to do the little I did do, because the representatives at Madrid of Continental Europe were ready at any time to interfere with the plans of the United States, if the British minister would only join them."

So while Mr. Woodford was fussing and keeping the way open in Madrid, the work of preparing for war went on in America, and to show how accurately the time was gauged, the run of a "sealed express" across the American continent may be instanced. No man outside Washington knew its contents, and only two there. The train had rights of way over all others. When it reached San Francisco its cargo was transferred to a waiting steamer, which sailed to Honolulu. There the cruiser Baltimore was waiting—everybody wondered why at the time. The cargo of the steamer, which was transferred to the Baltimore, was the cargo was distributed among the American warships there, and Admiral Dewey had the ammunition for which he was being fitted.

His received orders on April 24 to sail for Manila. That ammunition on May Day awoke echoes in Manila bay that were heard round the world, and took from Spain an empire of over 1,000,000 square miles. The story of the war, which followed, with its glories in strange ways. The story of this race against time was made known to the world for the first time at a public banquet; nor another page of this strange chapter of history is written in a Scottish court of law, thousands of miles from the scene of action. Of another phase of this war, the part in which two great powers of Europe played, we have had another echo of late—if it is true that the withdrawal of Dr. von Holleben from Washington is a mark of the Kaiser's wrath. The controversy among the diplomats, in which Dr. Holleben and the late Lord Pauncefote were central figures, was another chapter in the story of the Hispano-American war, which will command the attention of the historians, but the race of two governments against time is the most remarkable aspect of the struggle which has been an empire to Spain and made the United States Imperialist. All this is the open secret now. The papers and the public sector now. The papers and the public sector now. The papers and the public sector now.

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## WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Furnished house in good locality. Address P. O. Box 353. m13

WANTED—A "Perfect" bicycle in good condition. 26 in. frame; state price. Address P. B. Colnolist office. m13

WANTED—For the month of May, a small furnished house, with all conveniences. James Bay preferred. Address 9. m13

WANTED—Household furniture and effects in good condition. Private care. m13

WANTED—A few people in each locality to work for us at home during spare time. Pleasant work; liberal pay. No canvassing. Imperial Company, London, Ontario. m7

WANTED—Male help. Apply to The Steward, Union Club. m13

WANTED—Female help. Apply to The Steward, Union Club. m13

WANTED—A girl waiter. Apply to Dominion Hotel. m13

WANTED—Reliable girl, over 18, to look after children during absence of mother. Apply Mrs. Bridgman, Esquimalt road. m13

WANTED—An experienced children's nurse. Wages \$25 per month. References required. Address A. J. Colnolist. m13

RELIABLE LADY AGENTS WANTED to take orders for the new season's walking skirts in Canada. Write quickly. Dominion Garment Co., Guelph, Ont. Box 200. m13

WANTED—A waitress. Apply Royal Cafe, 51 Fort street, City. m12

WANTED—A good housemaid. Apply Mrs. Steward, Union Club. m13

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Yesterday on the streets, somewhere between Johnson and Government, a "Cinder" rewarded on leaving same at Colnolist office. m12

SITUATION WANTED—FEMALE. Address W. J. Colnolist office. m12

WANTED—Position as housekeeper. A. H. m13

SITUATION WANTED as housekeeper by lady with one child. Good references. Address W. J. Colnolist office. m12

WANTED—Position as housekeeper. A. H. m13

EMPLOYMENT WANTED by woman age 30, daily or evening; any thing except dish washing would involve the handling of water. Address 281 Johnson street. m7

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE. ENGLISHMAN 35, saw manufacturer of Old Country, good position with responsible firm here. Every reference. H. W. V. S. M. M. England, Colnolist. m13

MEETING. The International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths will hold a special meeting in Labor Hall, on Saturday evening, March 14th, at 8 o'clock.

DRESSMAKING. MISS J. D. SKINNER and MISS H. J. WALSH have taken over the dressmaking shop at the Westside, and examine their work. Perfect fit and finish guaranteed. Prices moderate. m14

HIGH CLASS DRESSMAKING and ladies tailoring by Misses H. J. Walsh and J. D. Skinner. Moderate prices. The Westside. m14

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS. TO LET—Front room, bedroom, kitchen, bathroom and store room, furnished for housekeeping at Blenheim House, 101 Pandora street. Apply 97 Quadra street. Phone 4779. m10

TO LET—Comfortably furnished rooms; modern conveniences. Blanchard street. m10

TO LET—Comfortable furnished four rooms with use of kitchen, if required. 129 Michigan street. m10

TO LET—Large front room, suitable for married couple or two gentlemen. Apply 1 South Park street. m10

TO LET—Four rooms cottage, 4 acres. Apply P. C. McGregor & Co. m13

TO RENT—A four-roomed well furnished house; bath and pantry; good piano. Apply Mrs. Switzer, 215 Pandora ave. m13

TO RENT—Two handsome residences, with average. One of the most desirable locations in the city. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. m12

EDUCATIONAL. SHORTLAND SCHOOL—15 Broad Street (Quintana) R. A. Macmillan, principal. Individual instruction in shorthand, typewriting and bookkeeping. m12

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS. FOR SALE—Two polo ponies. Apply C. A. Holland, 40 Government street. m13

FOR SALE—Hardy cabbage plants. 50c. per 100. See 200, 1500 300. Mount Tolmie Nursery. Delivered in city. m10

FOR SALE—\$3200 buys a modern house on Rockland avenue, beautiful situation. House alone would make more to build. Apply H. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. m10

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FOR SALE—Fast screw cargo and passenger steamer, carrying about 1500 tons. Splendid accommodation. Board Trade certificates, first, second, third class passengers. Also magnificent sea-going paddle passenger steamer, length 250 feet; speed 17. Splendidly fitted for service. Apply James Power & Co., 153 Leadenhall St., London, England. m10

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FOR SALE—20 h. p. boiler and 15 h. p. engine, with all accessories, complete. Also 10 h. p. centrifugal pump, complete. All practically new. Apply J. H. Whitcomb, Duncan, V. I. m12

FOR SALE—Set heavy double harness and wagon, good as new, cheap. W. W. m12

POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK. INFALLIBLE BROODER, \$400 complete, at three days' notice, or send \$1.00 and make for yourself. Equal to any made at \$15.00 up. Address Brooker, Colnolist. m13

FOR SALE—One cow; will calve in a few days. Blankenbush, Cadboro Bay. m12

EGGS—Buff Orpington, S. L. and W. Wyandottes, 80 per setting; reduced rates for quantities. G. H. Hadwen, Duncan. m10

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Buff Orpingtons, Wyandottes, and Pekin Ducks. Send for catalogue. Leave orders W. A. Jameson, 63 Fort street. P. O. Box 187. Quick Bro. m10

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FOR SALE—INDIAN CURIOS. FOR SALE—Indian curios and thousands of Indian baskets, chests, from the Indian trader H. Stadhagen, 70 Johnson Street, Victoria, B. C. Mr. Stadhagen trades direct with the Indians and sells their goods at half the prices you can elsewhere. Over 1000 Indian baskets in stock. Note the address, 70 Johnson St. H. Stadhagen, the Indian trader. m13

BUSINESS CHANCES. WANTED—Man with few thousand dollars wishes to enter partnership with good remunerative going concern. Apply X. Y. Z., Colnolist. m10

PHRENOLOGY. MISS BEST, Phrenologist and Palmist, holds model of the public a free ticket and an oval ring set with diamonds to all those who have their head read before April 10th. The one who reads the lucky number receives a beautiful oval ring. All those whom she has met have been well pleased with the accurate readings her long stay in your city has proven satisfactory. Madame Test can read you from childhood. She is the most famous Palmist that has ever been in Victoria. Select a profession and make a success in life. Free \$1 for palm reading, \$2 for hand reading. Children half price. Office hours 2 p. m. to 9 p. m. Address 80 Pandora St. m14

TO RENT—FARM. TO LEASE, THREE YEARS—Grossing 16 and Active Pass, midway between Victoria and Vancouver, 33 acres, good house, garden, bearing orchard, permanent pasture, large fowl houses, etc. Four miles from Victoria. Apply to the owner, Mr. W. A. Jameson, 63 Fort street. P. O. Box 187. Quick Bro. m10

FOR SALE—RESIDENCES. SUBURBAN RESIDENCES—A nice choice. See and see at 153 Leadenhall St., London, England. m10

\$525—Four-room cottage, well located. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

\$2,500—Water lot and dwelling on Belleville Street. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

\$2,000—Six-room cottage, well situated, one acre of ground; stable, outhouses and orchard; a bargain. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

\$1,500—Large corner lot and 5-roomed cottage, in good repair. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

\$2,000—Four cottages on Cook street, all watered, close to this city. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

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\$600—Five-roomed cottage, and lot 40x150; must be sold at an early date. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

\$950—Corner lot and five-roomed cottage at Spring Ridge; must be sold immediately. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

\$5,500—Handsome residence, modern, with an acre of ground, on Rockland Avenue; grand view. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

\$2,400—Seven-roomed two-story dwelling, lot 47x120; sewer connections, etc. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

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\$2,100—Two lots on corner, with seven-room house, well situated, on Bay Street. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

\$2,500—Large two-story dwelling, with 12 rooms; well located and particularly cheap. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

\$2,000—Modern 5-roomed cottage, sewer, and full-sized lot. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

\$150—Good 4-roomed cottage, full-sized lot, stable, chicken house, etc. All in best class order. A bargain. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street. m13

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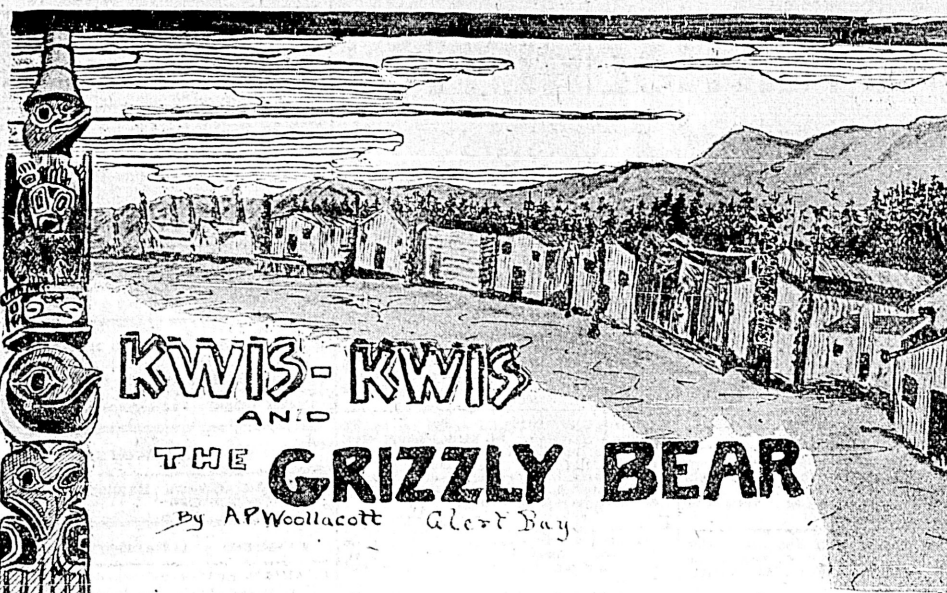
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his head, and I became silent with fear.

"Lo! a grating sound was in my ear, like unto the noise the sea-grass maketh upon the beach when the wind chafeth it together. I turned my head and looked, and yea! his hair was dry and faded like that of a woman who hath been dead and buried in a tree for many months; and even as I looked it fell away and floated in the air like dust. Behold! his eyes were like holes in a mask, and I saw all the country beyond even as though I were looking out upon it from a leafy tree. Then I knew M'Watsa had one in death, and I cried to my heart for strength.

"Now the beautiful man was headless. Two long ears came up from his neck, and after them the head of M'Watsa, with his lips lifted on either side of his snout, and his many teeth gleaming with hunger. The blankets fell away; his skin was hairy; yea, his hands were paws, and his fierce eyes clung to mine and shone with the horrible light of one who feedeth upon the secrets of the heart.

"Thus much I saw when the sinews of my head cracked, a great strength shook my limbs free, and I turned and fled through the forest, like the swoop of a swift shadow, and ever as I flew the thumping feet of my pursuer were behind me. For many days I seemed to fly, until at last I fell as through soft air, and when I awoke I was in a room filled with light and hot with the thumping feet of my pursuer were gleaming and singing and calling upon my spirit to come forth into life again. Thus, oh, friends, it was," she concluded, wiping the copious perspiration from her brows and moistening her lips with water.

The rest of the incident was well known. Old Wewasela, Kwis Kwis' grandmother, could be induced on rare occasions to finish it. Wewasela, it seems, was sitting over her fire in the early dawn, when suddenly there was a great light followed by a great noise, and behold! the burning fagots were strewn about the floor. Ashes and smoke flew up in a cloud before her astonished eyes, and there in a cinder of the fire was Nawts, with her eyes closed, breathing hard, and looking like one in the death agony. Without a moment's hesitation Wewasela pulled her out, and on examining her, found that her arm was badly burned. All the medicine men were called in, and after a prolonged incubation she revived, and related what had befallen her.

"Oh, friends!" she now cried with sudden energy. "Look!" She bared her shapely arm, and exhibited a livid scar, extending from the wrist to the shoulder.

For a short space nothing was heard but the crackle of the fire, and the

the Song Makers have not yet made many songs about him, for he is young. It is the place of old hunters like me to tell the younger ones in straight words what should be followed and what avoided. Sometimes it is good to show the way and not the hard places. Sometimes it is wise to lay bare the worst.

"Now, oh, great ones! eight moons have not yet passed since Maquilla was a boy hunter with his first bear still alive. At that time I went forth secretly in the dawn with a friend, armed with stone axes, bows and arrows. We were like a pair of old boys playing at being children again. The spirit of the chase called and we went. On the third day we built a trap on the hard path that led to Walas Nane's fishing place overhanging the river, and in the night we slept in a tree. Next morning the nightst bear in the valley lay stiff in our trap. We were fat and had little breath. We could not handle him. Walas Nane's right ear was bitten off, two long hairless slashes marked his left haunch, and a big tooth was missing. My friend and I came down to the village to get help, feeling very proud and tired. We did not talk, but slept a day and night. In the morning a great noise of many voices came up from the beach, and we went down to see what it was. Behold! Maquilla, the great hunter! the people cried, for Maquilla had come in with a mighty bear. At his right ear was bitten off, two long hairless slashes marked his left haunch, and a big tooth was missing. My friend and I looked at each other and marveled. To this day we have said nothing, thinking that Kwis would show him the right way."

Kwis Kwis' astounding revelation was followed by a murmur of incredulity. Maquilla looked miserable, and continually moistened his lips with his tongue, staring with fearful eyes at Kwis Kwis.

"Is not this true, Oh Mowitchan?" Kwis Kwis demanded, turning to the old chief, who was in a state of profound dejection. After a period of silence he replied sadly and reluctantly enough that it was verily the truth.

The quick passions of the people were excited. They felt themselves at the mercy of anyone who chose to fling this disgraceful incident into their faces. Every hunter, old and young, rose in his place and assailed the wretched Maquilla. The excitement became intense, and with every succeeding word his assailants stepped towards him, shaking their fists and crushing him with the force of their contempt and indignation.

The young fellow was a pitiable looking object as his angry fellows closed about him. He begged for mercy, but his words served merely to raise the passions of the accusers to a greater pitch; for would not they be succored at, even by the cowardly Timahs, who were so spiritless that they lived on roots and the carcasses of animals found on the beach or in the water?

The cooler heads—Mowitchan and Alexi—saw that the fury of the mob would be fatal to Maquilla. They would fall upon him and tear him to pieces as they had done with Youts for losing a wounded canoe a prey to the blood-thirsty Sillacoons.

Maquilla's father was so overwhelmed with shame that he had wrapped his blanket about his head and remained motionless—a figure of awful mourning—those who understood his nature. Further glances were cast in his direction from time to time. Tillia tried to coax him out of the house, but he flung her aside, leapt to his feet and rushed wildly to the lake, containing a stone hammer used for the purpose of killing those who deserved death at the hands of the people.

Nawts saw the movement and understood what it meant. She cried out an agony of terror, ran and hid behind her arms to his sides, in her strong embrace, and begged him not to follow the example of the hot-blooded Nezai, who Nawts reminded him, died of a broken heart, because in a moment of great shame, he had killed his only son.

Alexi commanded his slaves to raise him to his feet, and thus supported, the old man made the signal for silence with his cane. But the people, with rage, Alexi let loose his thunders, but they merely went to swell the general uproar.

Mowitchan, seeing that the moments were precious, and Maquilla's life in the greatest jeopardy, shouted at the Song Maker, commanding him to chant the Ling-ga-aw, but the Song Maker was watching the surging throng with breathless interest, and Mowitchan had to hurl his cane at him to attract his attention.

Then, last, when the weird strains of this lament rose above the storm of wrath, everyone gulped and shivered, as though a great dismay had suddenly rendered them speechless.

They returned to the places sacred with much bitterness of heart, and joined in the song of mourning, which on occasions of this kind was modified to suit the circumstances.

The Song Maker made up the first part as he went, receiving suggestions from Maquilla's father, from Mowitchan and Alexi, and from the head of the different clans to which Maquilla belonged.

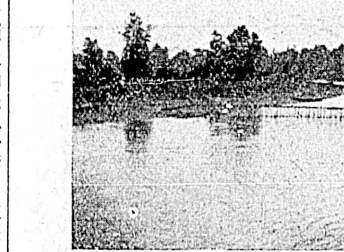
His father disowned him, and he was estranged of the family name forever; the different clans dismissed him in disgrace; Alexi generously allowed him the use of a spare name he had in his gift, and Mowitchan saved him from utter banishment by agreeing to take him into his house as a slave. Maquilla wept aloud as he heard his doom pronounced, line by line, first by the high-pitched voice of the Song Maker, and then by the general voice of his own people, and when he realized that Alexi's compassion had rescued him from a nameless fate and that Mowitchan had saved him from exile, he wept louder, for he had expected mercy from no one.

(To be continued.)

There should be a law regulating the opening of the fishing season, and a law should be taken, and such a law should be strictly enforced. Then, again, a more thorough system of patrolling the streams during the fishing season should be undertaken in order to prevent illegal practices. Salmon roe is used almost indiscriminately, nor is it the so-called "put-hunter" fisher alone who is to blame for this shameful and flagrant breach of the laws. Fly fishers and old hands, who claim to be true sportsmen, are not above using salmon roe on the quiet. And this was most conclusively shown upon a not very remote occasion at Shawanigan lake. A raft upon which two well known fishermen "who never used anything but flies" had been fishing all day, and which was absolutely clean in the morning, was found next day with a single trace of salmon roe upon it.

The snow water at present running into the streams will have a tendency to chill the trout and drive them to the bottom, the surface water being colder at this time of the year.

There is much indignation over the wholesale decimation of trout at Shawanigan lake through the fishing that has been going on all winter for the market. Chinamen peddling trout from door to door. This open excess is due to a supposed flaw in the regulation by which, it is assumed, the provisions do not cover trout on this coast. This presumption is entirely erroneous. For some inexplicable reason, no prosecutions have been instituted. The result of this wholesale depletion of trout in the streams is that the season opening tomorrow is not expected to yield any good piscatorial returns. Last season was poor, due to the same viola-



THE FISHERMAN'S PARADISE—Cowan River Near E. & N. Ry.



WHERE TROUT DO MOST AROUND—Stream Near Shawanigan Lake.

TROLLING—In the Straits Off the Mouth of Victoria Harbor.

CAUGHT IN AN AFTERNOON AT TRIAL ISLAND, VICTORIA.

A FINE BASKET—Result of an Hour's Work with Rod and Fly Before Breakfast.

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THE FISHERMAN'S PARADISE—Cowan River Near E. & N. Ry.



WHERE TROUT DO MOST AROUND—Stream Near Shawanigan Lake.

TROLLING—In the Straits Off the Mouth of Victoria Harbor.

CAUGHT IN AN AFTERNOON AT TRIAL ISLAND, VICTORIA.

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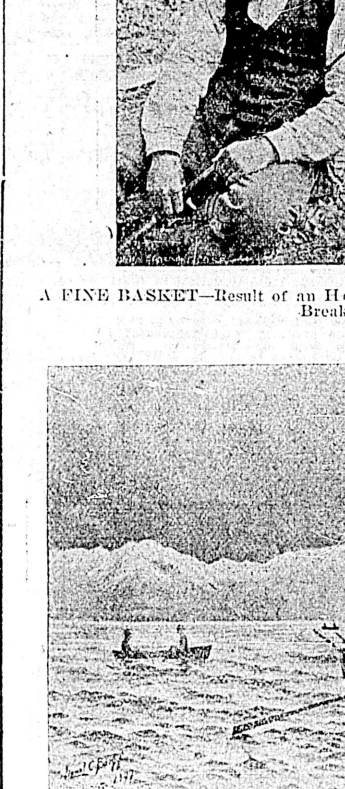
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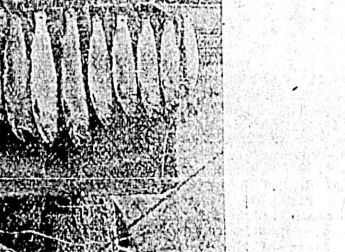
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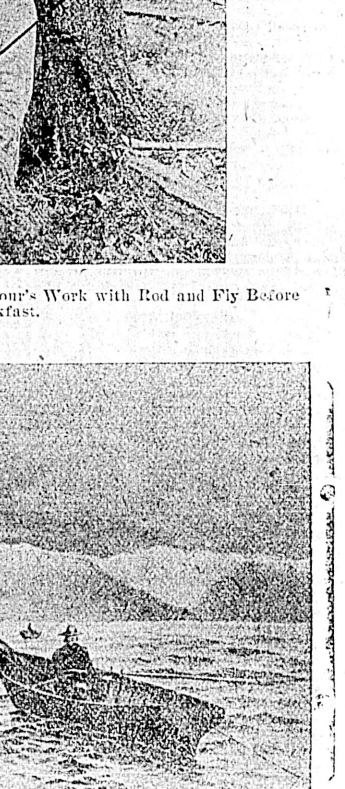
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